

# 2024 END OF SESSION REPORT

**FLORIDA EDUCATION  
ASSOCIATION**

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

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During the 2024 legislative session, the Florida Education Association tracked hundreds of bills that would have a direct impact on educators, students and school communities.

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In this end of session report, you'll find a comprehensive overview of the newly adopted budgets for both PreK-12 and higher education institutions. You'll also see information on the bills that passed, how those bills will impact your work and ways you can continue to stay vocal and involved year-round.

The bills are grouped by the following topics:

- **Deregulation** – Though there are only two bills in this section, they are both massive in scope. Of particular note is a provision in SB 7002 regulating collective bargaining. School districts might use this new language as an excuse to refuse to engage on certain topics, so it's very important that local unions understand what this language does and does not do.
- **Curriculum and Accountability** – Nine of the ten bills in this section passed with overwhelming bipartisan support. The most contentious bill was HB 1285 which includes weakening teacher certification criteria and new provisions in the turnaround process for schools labeled as failing.
- **Vouchers and School Choice** – These bills represent a missed opportunity to reform a voucher system that was exposed this school year for allowing parents to use their vouchers to buy big screen televisions, kayaks, and many other big ticket items wholly unrelated to education. Unfortunately, the provisions regulating the use of these voucher monies were removed in the last iteration of the bill.
- **Early Learning** – While there were no stand-alone bills that passed on early learning this year, there are several bills that include early learning provisions.
- **Ethics and Elections** – The only bill that passed in this category did so unanimously in both chambers and fixes a glitch with voter registration at the Department of Motor Vehicles.
- **Health and School Safety** – Every year it seems there are new safety mandates and this year is no exception. HB 1473 is an important one to know about as it not only establishes new safety measures but requires disciplinary action if those measures are violated.
- **Higher Education** – One of our biggest wins from this session can be found in this section. Florida colleges will be able to transition to the state health insurance program providing improved healthcare at lower costs for college employees.
- **Non-Instructional** – The bad news: none of the bills that would have improved the lives of non-instructional employees made it across the finish line. The good news: there weren't any bills passed that target non-instructional personnel either.
- **Retirement** – For the second year in a row, the House unanimously passed legislation to restore a cost of living adjustment for members of the Florida Retirement System pension plan, and for the second year in a row the Senate rejected the measure. Rest assured, we'll keep fighting until it passes both chambers.
- **Teacher Preparation and Certification** – There are racial disparities in standardized test scores, but the underlying causes of those disparities might not be allowed to be discussed in teacher preparation programs thanks to a new law that expands the Stop Woke Act and limits teaching the truth of systemic racism.
- **Union Issues** – Last year's SB 256 failed in its attempt to get rid of FEA and our local unions, so the same legislators behind that bill pushed through more anti-freedom legislation this year. Guess what? Their attempts to undermine your union will fail again.
- **Miscellaneous** – Undoubtedly, you've noticed by now that no legislation was passed dealing with the teacher and staff shortage. The one "solution" that passed both chambers this year isn't really a solution at all. Instead, it's an open invitation for anyone who can pass a background check to declare themselves a chaplain and offer counseling in Florida's public schools.

Finally, the report ends with a long list of bills that didn't pass – some of which we worked very hard to make sure didn't pass and some of which we actively supported and will continue fighting for until they do become law.

## PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

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No matter your role in education, one thing that unites us is the belief that a better life is possible. In fact, many of us get into the field of education because we believe that public education is the vehicle to a better life for Florida's children. But that belief doesn't stop there. The only way for us to secure higher wages, better benefits and the freedom to do our jobs is by joining together as union members and advocating at the school board level and in the state legislature.

FEA members showed up in big ways this legislative session. Hundreds of you showed up in Tallahassee to speak in committee meetings and to meet with legislators, thousands of you have taken action by sharing your voice. Together, we sent more than 43,000 emails to legislators to urge them to fight forward on issues like salaries and retirement, and to push back on bad ideas like erasing honest history and giving away money to for-profit charter school corporations.

Because of your relentless fight for a better future for all who call Florida home, you have come under attack from legislators and fringe-organizations like the Freedom Foundation. They are scared of the power we wield when we join together across our differences and fight for a Florida where we all can thrive.

That is why they passed SB 256 last year—a direct attack on you and your ability to join your union. Their attacks continued this year placing an additional burden on you by requiring all FEA members to complete a state-created membership authorization form. They know every bit of time and energy spent on collecting this form is time and energy not spent on advocating for a living wage, affordable healthcare and the respect you deserve as a professional.

While the attacks may persist, so do we. There is just too much at stake!

The way we overcome the obstacles lawmakers have placed in front of us is by growing our membership. The best way to do that is to remind people that as educators we wake up every day to make life better for Florida's children and as unionists we wake up every single ready day to make life better for working people.

FEA members are uniquely positioned to influence Florida's future. By joining together and fighting for the issues that matter to our students, ourselves and our communities, we will make the future a bright one for all of us, no exceptions.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Andrew Spar". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal line extending from the end of the name.

Andrew Spar  
President, Florida Education Association

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A copy of FEA's 2024 End of Session Report can be found at [FEAweb.org/eosreport](https://FEAweb.org/eosreport).

**Important Links**

- FEA [FEAweb.org/session](https://FEAweb.org/session)
- Florida House of Representatives [www.myfloridahouse.gov](https://www.myfloridahouse.gov)
- Florida Senate [www.flsenate.gov](https://www.flsenate.gov)
- Online Sunshine [www.leg.state.fl.us/Welcome](https://www.leg.state.fl.us/Welcome)
- Florida Channel Video Archive [thefloridachannel.org/videos](https://thefloridachannel.org/videos)
- FDOE [www.fldoe.org](https://www.fldoe.org)

**How to find how your Representative or Senator voted on a bill**

1. Go to [flsenate.gov](https://flsenate.gov)
2. At the top of the page enter the bill number in the **Go To Bill** field (Note: this will find House OR Senate bills)
3. On the bill page, click on the **"Vote History"** tab
4. In the **Vote History - Floor** table click on the last vote in either the House or Senate.



## STATE EDUCATION BUDGET

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This section provides an overview of significant budget changes in Florida’s education system, reflecting growth in key areas and the redistribution of state funds elsewhere. While the full Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP) will increase by 6.73%, not all the increase will be passed on to schools.

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Instead, much of the funding increase will be used to pay tuition and education supplies for new private school vouchers for students — most of whom have never been enrolled in a public school. A better picture of the actual increase available for public schools is the increase in the Base Student Allocation (BSA) which represents more flexible funding. That increase is 3.72% over the 2023-24 school year. Another measure of the increase is in the total FEFP per unweighted student. That per student total represents an increase of 2.75% over last year’s budget.

**The Base Student Allocation (BSA) is \$5,330.98, an increase of \$191.25 over last year’s budget.** Funds in this category must be used for specified salary increases and the Florida Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance Program as well as other program expenses. There is additional flexibility in the BSA compared to last year as there are no required amounts of

spending for instructional materials and reading plan implementation.

There are also sections of the FEFP that are called “Categorical” funds that go into the full FEFP but with specific allocations that must be used as directed in state statutes and the budget implementing and proviso language. These include:

- mental health,
- school safety,
- supplemental services and other factors that compensate for cost of living differences among districts,
- costs associated with the number of students receiving special services such as ESE students and student transportation, and
- class size reduction allocation.

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### RELATED BILL

HB 5001: General Appropriations Act – 2024-2025 <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/5001/BillText/e1/PDF>

## Learn More

**Florida ranks near the bottom nationally in average teacher salary — 48<sup>th</sup> — and ultimately, this budget does nothing to bring teachers into the top 10 for pay or change the rankings for our education staff professionals.**

Read more about what the budget does — and doesn't — do at [FEAweb.org/2024budgetrelease](https://FEAweb.org/2024budgetrelease)

# PreK-12 Budget Highlights

The State's Education budget is based on a projected enrollment of 3,170,301 students. This is an increase of 118,208 over last year — but approximately 100,000 of the new students are projected to be students receiving private school vouchers. We will not know until the end of the school year how accurate this projection was, but last year, the state overestimated the voucher enrollment by about 40%.

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- The Compression categorical adjusts the funding levels for districts that do not raise at least the state average based on how much money their discretionary millage collects per student. Districts that do not have beachfronts or have a high percentage of their property owned by state or federal government — and therefore not subject to property taxes — have less money to spend on schools. This calculation helps those counties meet the financial support level of other districts.
- The Comparable Wage Factor is used to adjust school district funding to compensate for districts with a higher cost of living. No district will receive less than 100% of the fund ratio, but 14 districts with higher living costs will receive slightly more than state base funding.
- A Small District Factor has been added to the BSA calculation. This cost factor provides a small increase in the total funding for districts that are both less than 20,000 unweighted FTE and are classified as a fiscally constrained county. There are 29 districts in this category.
- Voucher data for Family Empowerment (FES) estimates can be found on pages 7, 8, and 9 of the FEFP (which can be found on pages 49-51 of Appendix A). The budget allocates over \$2.8 billion for private school vouchers this year. What remains of last year's \$350 million reserve plus another \$50 million has been set aside to address potential underestimations in district enrollment or private school voucher numbers.
- Two new voucher programs were created this year. The first shifts the public-school transportation stipend for students to attend a school out of their zoned attendance area and limits the qualifications and reimbursement limit to \$750. The second program is an expanded New World Literacy program which allows \$1,200 per student for books and tutoring for students who are below grade level in math or reading. A total of \$24 million is for public school students to participate in the New World Literacy program.
- The Florida Teachers Classroom Supply Assistance Program guarantees a minimum of \$300 per eligible teacher, now included in the BSA. This allocation aims to help teachers cover classroom supply expenses.
- The Mental Health Allocation is \$180 million, an increase of \$20 million over last year's allocation. Districts are expected to expand staffing and services to students using this allocation, while adhering to reporting, technology and training requirements attached to these funds.
- The Educational Enrichment Allocation (EEA) includes funds that can be used

SESSION BY THE NUMBERS

61,000

The number of activists who took a FEA-created action in support of public schols during the 2024 legislative session.

for in school or after school learning activities such as summer enrichment or tutoring. For schools identified for turnaround, funds are provided at up to \$500 per student based on the fall count and must be used for additional support for students in the schools in need of improvement, such as extra staff and materials.

- The Exceptional Student Education (ESE) Guaranteed Allocation, which is used to supplement federal IDEA funds, increased by 6.79% in this budget. This funding also goes to students in the FES Unique Abilities (UA) voucher program.
- The Safe School Allocation increased by \$40 million — more than 16% — and now stands at \$290 million. These funds are used to pay for school security personnel and infrastructure. Based on new legislation, districts will be required to both add personnel to inspect school building security and further ensure that all school access points and classroom doors are secured and staffed during normal school hours.
- The Classroom Size Reduction Allocation is specifically appropriated to maintain class sizes within the constitutional and statutory limits and exceptions.
- The BSA increased for PreK programs from \$2,941 to \$3,029, an increase of \$88 or 3% per student.
- The total K-12 FEFP including state and local funds is \$28,401,435,018, which is set at \$8,958.59 per student. This represents an increase of \$240.01 per student.

FEFP calculations by school district can be found in Appendix A, pages 44-53.

CLASSROOM TEACHER AND OTHER INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL SALARY INCREASE

This categorical area was dissolved, and the funds added to the Base Student Allocation in the 2023-24 FY budget. That policy remains for the 2024-25 budget however, the budget language specifies the minimum amount school districts must use to maintain previous increases and the minimum that must be used for new increases.

- **Funding Allocation:** For the 2024-25 fiscal year, \$1,053,041,685 is appropriated specifically for maintaining the previous salary increases funded through the TSIA with an additional \$201,566,115 allocated for salary increases for full-time classroom teachers, certified prekindergarten teachers in the FEFP, and other instructional personnel. This makes a total of nearly \$1.2 billion included in the BSA dedicated to maintaining and increasing instructional personnel salaries.
- **Use of Funds:** Each school district and charter school must use 5.59% of its base FEFP funding to maintain prior year salary increases and 1.07% of its base FEFP for increases to the minimum base salary or provide to salary increases for other full-time instructional personnel as defined in sec. 1012.01(2), Florida Statutes.
- **Minimum Base Salary:** The legislation defines “minimum base salary” as the lowest annual base salary for a full-time classroom teacher as reported on the salary schedule. No full-time classroom teacher shall receive a salary less than this minimum base salary. If a district or charter school decides to use its allocated funds to increase the minimum base salary, no eligible teacher should receive less than the newly adjusted amount.



**TABLE 1: STATEWIDE FUNDING SUMMARY FROM 2024-25 FEFP**

Category	2023-24 Third Calculation	2024-25 Conference Calculation	Difference	Percent Change
Unweighted FTE	3,052,092	3,170,301	118,208	3.87%
School Taxable Value	\$3,366,879,527,291	\$3,528,102,636,324	\$161,233,109,033	4.79%
Base Student Allocation (BSA)	\$5,139.73	\$5,330.98	\$191.25	3.72%
Base FEFP Funding	\$17,569,068,345	\$18,837,954,999	\$1,268,886,654	7.22%
Total FEFP Funding	\$21,002,321,676	\$22,480,605,409	\$1,478,283,733	4.89%
Class Size Reduction Allocation	\$2,571,340,078	\$2,771,299,363	\$19,959,285	0.73%
State Funds per FTE	\$4,685	\$4,886	\$201	4.30%
Local Funds per FTE	\$4,033	\$4,072	\$39	0.96%
Total FEFP Funds Per Student	\$8,718	\$8,958	\$240	2.75%

- **Exclusions:** The focus of these funds remains on instructional personnel including full-time classroom teachers and certified prekindergarten teachers funded in the FEFP.

To view the complete Florida Education Finance Program (FEFP), Fiscal Year 2024-2025 visit [FEAweb.org/2024eos-fefp](https://FEAweb.org/2024eos-fefp).

**PUBLIC EDUCATION CAPITAL OUTLAY (PECO)**

Funds for new buildings and maintenance are allocated according to the General Appropriations Act. For the past several years, the state has directly funded charter school capital outlay. In 2017, language was changed to require school districts to share capital outlay funds with charter schools if the state did not fund these schools at a particular proportion.

The 2024-25 PECO budget for K-12 schools includes:

- \$230,810,199 in nonrecurring funds for charter schools, distributed to existing charter schools that qualify based on section 1013.62, Florida Statutes.
- \$9,223,318 in nonrecurring funds for

developmental research (laboratory) schools, based on full-time equivalent student membership.

- \$193,182,160 in nonrecurring funds for the Special Facility Construction Account, allocated as follows:
  - \$32,794,471 Gadsden County PreK-8 (Year 2 of 2)
  - \$13,426,376 Gilchrist County Elementary (Year 1 of 3)
  - \$35,015,832 Glades County Moore Haven Elementary (Year 2 of 2)
  - \$30,210,267 Hendry County LaBelle High (Year 1 of 3)
  - \$59,785,687 Putnam County Crescent City Jr/Sr High (Year 2 of 2)
  - \$21,949,527 for Wakulla County Wakulla High (Year 1 of 3)
- \$12,309,070 in nonrecurring funds for preventative maintenance projects and the construction of McClure Hall at the Florida School for the Deaf and Blind
- \$19,544,309 in nonrecurring funds for public school renovation, repair, and construction projects through special member projects in 10 districts.

**TABLE 2: FULL FEFP FOR 2024-25**

	2023-24 FEFP Third Calculation	2024-25 FEFP Conference Calculation	Difference	Percentage Difference
<b>MAJOR FEFP FORMULA COMPONENTS</b>				
Unweighted FTE	3,052,092.70	3,170,301.01	118,208.31	3.87%
Weighted FTE	3,377,812.18	3,490,098.18	112,286.00	3.32%
School Taxable Value	3,366,879,527,291	3,528,102,636,324	161,223,109,033	4.79%
Required Local Effort Millage	3.189	3.189	0.000	0.00%
Discretionary Millage	0.748	0.748	0.000	0.00%
<b>Total Millage</b>	<b>3.937</b>	<b>3.937</b>	<b>0.000</b>	<b>0.00%</b>
Base Student Allocation	5,139.73	5,330.98	191.25	3.72%
<b>FEFP DETAIL</b>				
WFTE x BSA x CWF x Small District Factor (Base FEFP Funding)	17,569,068,345	18,837,954,999	1,268,886,654	7.22%
<i>Classroom Teacher and Other Instructional Personnel Salary Increase (Included in Base FEFP Funding)</i>	1,052,803,316	1,254,607,800	201,804,484	19.17%
0.748 Mills Discretionary Compression	411,811,361	425,723,788	13,912,427	3.38%
DJJ Supplemental Allocation	3,986,288	2,831,855	(1,154,433)	(28.96%)
Educational Enrichment Allocation	802,285,206	833,448,236	31,163,030	3.88%
ESE Guaranteed Allocation	1,211,296,702	1,293,529,266	82,232,564	6.79%
Federally Connected Student Supplement	15,692,323	15,932,499	240,176	1.53%
Mental Health Assistance Allocation	160,000,000	180,000,000	20,000,000	12.50%
Safe Schools Allocation	250,000,000	290,000,000	40,000,000	16.00%
State-Funded Discretionary Contribution	42,350,277	44,600,717	2,250,440	5.31%
Student Transportation	535,831,174	556,584,049	20,752,875	3.87%
<b>TOTAL FEFP</b>	<b>21,002,321,676</b>	<b>22,480,605,409</b>	<b>1,478,283,733</b>	<b>7.04%</b>
Less: Required Local Effort	9,892,824,477	10,376,243,513	483,419,036	4.89%
<b>GROSS STATE FEFP</b>	<b>11,109,497,199</b>	<b>12,104,361,896</b>	<b>994,864,697</b>	<b>8.96%</b>
Educational Enrollment Stabilization Program	23,512,811	0	(23,512,811)	(100.00%)
<b>NET STATE FEFP</b>	<b>11,133,010,010</b>	<b>12,104,361,896</b>	<b>971,351,886</b>	<b>8.72%</b>
<b>STATE CATEGORICAL PROGRAMS</b>				
Class Size Reduction Allocation	2,751,340,078	2,771,299,363	19,959,285	0.73%
State-Funded Discretionary Supplement	415,053,799	616,070,303	201,016,504	48.43%
<b>TOTAL STATE CATEGORICAL FUNDING</b>	<b>3,166,393,877</b>	<b>3,387,369,666</b>	<b>220,975,789</b>	<b>6.98%</b>
<b>TOTAL STATE FUNDING</b>	<b>14,299,403,887</b>	<b>15,491,731,562</b>	<b>1,192,327,675</b>	<b>8.34%</b>
<b>LOCAL FUNDING</b>				
Total Required Local Effort	9,892,824,477	10,376,243,513	483,419,036	4.89%
Total Discretionary Taxes from 0.748 Mills	2,417,688,847	2,533,459,943	115,771,096	4.79%
<b>TOTAL LOCAL FUNDING</b>	<b>12,310,513,324</b>	<b>12,909,703,456</b>	<b>599,190,132</b>	<b>4.87%</b>
<b>TOTAL FUNDING</b>	<b>26,609,917,211</b>	<b>28,401,435,018</b>	<b>1,791,517,807</b>	<b>6.73%</b>
State Funds per UFTE	4,685.11	4,886.52	201.41	4.30%
Local Funds per UFTE	4,033.47	4,072.07	38.60	0.96%
Total Funds per UFTE	8,718.58	8,958.59	240.01	2.75%
State Funds as a Percent of Total	53.74%	54.55%	0.81%	1.50%
Local Funds as a Percent of Total	46.26%	45.45%	-0.81%	(1.75%)

# Higher Education Budget Highlights

The budget for higher education in the upcoming fiscal year is designed to support the State University System (SUS) and the Florida College System (FCS), with an increased focus on student financial aid. It includes allocations of \$616.2 million for SUS projects and \$133.6 million for FCS projects. Furthermore, student financial aid is allocated \$1.05 billion, with specific emphasis on scholarships and aid programs such as Bright Futures and the Benacquisto Scholarship Program, aiming to enhance educational accessibility.

The SUS is allocated \$6.8 billion, with priorities including metric-based performance funding, as well as state and institutional investments. Allocations also target specific areas such as excellence recognition and research initiatives. The FCS receives \$2.4 billion, directed towards industry certification incentives, program funding, and initiatives to support nursing education and student success. Both systems are planned to maintain current tuition levels, aligning with objectives to ensure affordability.

It is pertinent to recognize the challenges in drawing direct comparisons with the funding allocations of the previous year, due to changes in the categorization of funds and the absence of allocations comparable in detail to those provided in previous fiscal years. This necessitates a careful examination of the budget's structure and its potential impact on the state's higher education landscape.

## STATE UNIVERSITY SYSTEM (SUS)

The SUS budget (see Table 3, following page) is \$6.8 billion; it includes \$616.2 million in PECO funds for different projects throughout the SUS system.

**SUS Budget Breakdown:** \$6.8 billion, including \$4.3 billion (General Revenue); \$666.7 million (Trust Fund); \$1.94 billion (tuition/fees).

- Metric Based Performance Funding - \$645 million
  - State Investment - \$350 million
  - Institutional Investment - \$295 million
- Performance-based Excellence Recognition Program - \$100 million
- Preeminent State Research Universities - \$100 million
- Lastinger Center for Learning at University of Florida - \$58.2 million
- Nursing Education Initiatives - \$46 million
- Community School Grant Program - \$20.1 million total, which includes a \$9.1 million workload increase
- Florida Postsecondary Comprehensive Transition Program for Students with Unique Abilities - \$12.5 million total, which includes a \$3.5 million workload increase
- No tuition increase



### FLORIDA COLLEGE SYSTEM (FCS)

The FCS budget (see Table 3, below) is \$2.4 billion; it includes 133.6 million in PECO funds for different projects throughout the FCS system.

**FCS Budget Breakdown:** \$2.4 billion, including \$1.47 billion (General Revenue); \$259 million (Trust Fund); \$689.9 million (tuition/fees).

- CAPE Incentive Funds for students who earn Industry Certifications - \$20 million
- College System Program Fund - \$1.6 billion
- Nursing Education Initiatives - \$59 million
- Student Success Incentive Funds - \$30 million
  - 2+2 Student Success Incentive Funds - \$17 million
  - Work Florida Incentive Funds - \$13 million
- No tuition increase

**TABLE 3: STATE UNIVERSITY AND FLORIDA COLLEGE SYSTEM BUDGETS**

Category	2022-23 Allocation	2023-24 Allocation	2024-25 Allocation
<b>State University System (SUS)</b>			
SUS Ed and General Activities	\$4,213,425,380	\$3,644,202,427	Part of \$6.8 billion total
SUS Performance Based Initiatives	\$560,000,000	\$645,000,000	Part of \$6.8 billion total
SUS Pipeline Nursing Program	\$40,000,000	\$40,000,000	Part of \$6.8 billion total
SUS LINE Nursing Program	\$6,000,000	\$6,000,000	Part of \$6.8 billion total
SUS Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network	\$17,236,500	\$13,521,847	N/A
SUS PECO General Revenue	\$7,140,378	\$115,867,318	Included in SUS Projects
SUS PECO Fund	\$162,500,000	\$566,327,741	Included in SUS Projects
<b>Florida College System (FCS)</b>			
FCS Program Fund	\$1,155,621,759	\$1,332,348,852	Part of \$2.4 billion total
FCS Performance Based Initiatives	\$14,000,000	\$20,000,000	Part of \$2.4 billion total
FCS Student Success Initiative	\$20,000,000	\$30,000,000	Part of \$2.4 billion total
FCS Open Door Grant Program	\$20,000,000	\$35,000,000	Part of \$2.4 billion total
FCS Pipeline Nursing Program	\$40,000,000	\$40,000,000	Part of \$2.4 billion total
FCS LINE Nursing Program	\$19,000,000	\$19,000,000	Part of \$2.4 billion total
FCS Florida Postsecondary Academic Library Network	\$14,476,322	\$11,078,169	N/A
FCS PECO General Revenue	\$25,825,479	\$33,858,253	Included in FCS Projects
FCS PECO Fund	\$14,559,990	\$238,591,659	Included in FCS Projects

Table 2 does not directly reflect year-over-year changes for the 2024-25 overview due to the aggregation of some budget categories and the absence of detailed allocations comparable to the previous years' line items. However, it does provide a comprehensive view of the evolution of funding across critical areas of Florida's higher education landscape over the specified fiscal years, offering insights into shifting priorities and the focus of financial investments in education.

**TABLE 4: HIGHER EDUCATION BUDGET OVERVIEW**

<b>2024-25 Specific Overview</b>	
State University System Projects	\$616.2 million
Florida College System Projects	\$133.6 million
Student Financial Aid Total	\$1.05 billion <i>Includes \$616.9 million for Bright Futures</i>
<b>State University System Total</b>	<b>\$6.8 billion</b>
<b>Florida College System Total</b>	<b>\$2.4 billion</b>

## Deregulation

As the deregulation bills moved through their respective chambers, the battle was between those who work in public education and special interest groups like Jeb Bush’s foundation that are working to privatize education. Unfortunately, the Bush agenda of attacking educators and a test-and-punish “accountability” system prevailed.

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When HB 1 was signed in 2023 one provision required the Department of Education to gather input from stakeholders and recommend areas where the regulatory burden on traditional public schools could be reduced.

The Florida Department of Education sent a general survey to school districts after the school term ended, encouraging them to share the surveys with their staff and school community. This elicited nearly 4,000 comments out of more than 300,000 school district employees and three million parents in Florida. The recommendations from FLDOE were shared in legislative committee meetings in the House and Senate during the fall of 2023 and were met with skepticism from members of the education committees in both chambers.

The Senate also conducted its own fact-finding process and developed recommendations that were included in three bills: SB 7000, SB 700, and SB 7004. The provisions in these three bills included several controversial provisions that would have softened the impact of our state accountability system on students, provided more parity among neighborhood, charter and voucher schools, and removed some of the duplicative or unnecessary reports and regulations the school districts

are required to submit to the Department of Education. The House proposed two bills — HB 7025 and HB 7039 — that aligned with the Department of Education recommendations for reducing district and state reporting requirements.

**Unfortunately, most of the proposals that would have directly affected the school accountability system, teacher working conditions and student assessments were amended out of the bills before final passage.**

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### **CS/SB 7002: DEREGULATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS/SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCE AND BUDGETS, FACILITIES, AND ADMINISTRATION AND OVERSIGHT**

- Permits districts to use electronic means for certain public notices and provide certain information to parents via alternative means, including email, by an advance agreement.
- Allows school districts to use fines and fees from civil penalties assessed for school bus infractions for recruiting and retaining school bus drivers.
- Provides up to 45 days for newly hired Pre-K instructors to complete the required emergent literacy courses.
- Allows the Florida Institute for



Charter School Innovation to develop a professional development system.

- Allows the State Board of Education to develop rules to set financial status standards and require financial condition reports with different frequency based on the district financial condition.
- Increases the spending limit for districts to purchase or lease driver education cars and to pay property and casualty insurance premiums.
- Requires the State Board of Education to develop strategies to address critical shortage areas.
- States that collective bargaining may not preclude a district school board from carrying out its constitutional and statutory duties related to specified areas described in the collective bargaining section.
- Provides that the State Board identify passing scores on the ACT, SAT and Classic Learning Test that would allow for a waiver of the General Knowledge test for teacher certification.
- Allows a teacher to request their teaching certificate be placed in an inactive status and allows the State Board to set professional learning requirements to reactivate the certificate.
- Changes the minimum grade point average for an apprentice teacher certificate to 2.5 on a 4-point scale and allows apprenticeship teachers to be apprentices for more than two years.
- Allows the State Board of Education to waive examination and certification fees for teachers certified in Elementary Education K-6 to add ESE K-12, and for ESE K-12 certified teachers to add Elementary Education K-6 to their certificates.

- Requires the Commissioner of Education make recommendations to policy and funding changes to increase the development and retention of ESE instructional personnel. Lists specific considerations in the bill.
- Repeals the Dale Hickam Excellent Teaching Program and the Florida College System institution employment equity accountability program.
- Provides some additional flexibility for school districts related to purchases and leases of educational facilities and auxiliary plants as well as meeting emergency shelter requirements.
- Requires state colleges and universities develop educational plant surveys and school districts update their plans to receive capital funding.

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**CS/SB 7004: DEREGULATION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS/ASSESSMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY, INSTRUCTION, AND EDUCATION CHOICE**

- Removes the authority of the State Board to establish tuition and out of state fees and performance metrics and standards for the Florida College System.
- Removes requirement for school district reports related to virtual instruction and permits school districts to provide equipment and access to students in the district virtual program.
- Permits school districts to contract with private prekindergarten providers to offer services for the school district required PreK programs.
- Allows a 16-year-old to take the GED after declaring their intent to terminate school enrollment.
- Removes requirements for multiple district reports including the fine arts report, a competency-based education pilot program report, middle school

**SESSION BY THE NUMBERS**

333

FEA members and public school activists who put solidarity into action by taking part in FEA's weekly Power Hour calls. To join future calls sign up at [FEAweb.org/PowerHour](https://FEAweb.org/PowerHour)

career-themed courses report, academically high performing school districts report requirements.

- Removes requirements that school districts have automotive service technology programs and that districts participate in the Arts in the Capitol competition.
- Removes specific dates for instructional material reviews, permits additional time for districts to purchase state-adopted instructional materials and sets bid timeline specifications during the adoption cycle.
- Removes outdated language related to St. Petersburg College degree offerings and articulation requirements.
- Requires districts to establish retention requirements for student progression based on English Language Arts and mathematics and requires parental notification and parental input for retention decisions for students in grade K-2.
- Requires progress monitoring plans within 45 days for students identified in the coordinated screening process.
- Adds VPK students to the list of students required to have intervention plans for deficiencies in reading and math based on their mid-year or final screening/progress monitoring assessment.
- Requires teachers and school administrators meet with parents to discuss student progress and permits parents to establish more frequent intervention and supports for students needing support in reading and math.
- Reduces coordinated screening to two administrations for the summer PreK programs.

## Take Action

While the teacher shortage gets a lot of media attention, the bus driver shortage also impacts students and school communities across the state every day. **SB 7002 allows, but does not require, school districts to use fines assessed for passing a stopped school bus or other school bus infractions to be used to recruit and retain school bus drivers.** Talk to your school board members today and encourage them to take advantage of this new provision!

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### RELATED BILLS:

- **CS/SB 7002: Deregulation of Public Schools/ School District Finance and Budgets, Facilities, and Administration and Oversight**, by Education PreK – 12 and Sen. T. Hutson (R-SD 7, Palm Coast) and HB 7039 by Choice and Innovation Subcommittee and Rep. A. Rizo (R-HD 112, Hialeah)  
Votes: Senate: [38-0](#) | House: [115-0](#)  
Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/7002/BillText/er/PDF>
- **CS/SB 7004: Deregulation of Public Schools/ Assessment and Accountability**, Instruction, and Education Choice, by Sen. C. Simon (R-SD 3 – Tallahassee) and HB 7025 by Rep. D. Trubusly (R-HD 84 – Fort Pierce)  
Votes: Senate: [38-0](#) | House: [117-0](#)  
Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/7004/BillText/er/PDF>

# Curriculum and Accountability

After the past few years where legislators passed a series of laws restricting what can be taught on race, gender and sexuality, this session saw a welcome respite from those types of culture wars in education. In fact, we saw a slight retreat. Residents of a county who are not parents of a student within the county are now limited to only one book challenge per month. Under the prior laws certain counties were inundated with hundreds of challenges a month by people who do not even have school-aged children. This small step in the right direction happened because of your advocacy.

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In addition to changes outlined in the deregulation bills, members of the legislature continue to focus on providing supplemental programs for students struggling with reading and math literacy. Much of these changes are related to the New Worlds Literacy initiative which includes a reading and a math component, as well as the New World Scholarship Accounts.

The New World Reading Initiative provides books to PreK-12 students and is funded through a tax credit program. Another component, the New World Scholarship Accounts, allows parents to pay for curriculum and tutoring for students who are identified with a substantial deficiency in reading or math. This year, legislation expands this public-school voucher program to include public and private school pre-kindergarten students and adds math literacy to the opportunity to receive tutoring services. Test score information from the pre-kindergarten coordinated screening and K-12 progress monitoring assessments will be used to identify student eligibility for a voucher to provide curriculum and tutoring in the areas where the student needs assistance. Parents will be allowed to set up an account that is funded at \$1,200 to purchase

materials or receive reimbursement for fees related to tutoring, summer, or after-school programs.

An additional component of the initiative, the New Worlds Tutoring Program will provide grants to school districts to provide tutoring and summer programs and charges the Lastinger Center at the University of Florida with researching and developing curriculum and professional development for teachers that lead to micro-credentials and endorsements in math and reading instructional improvements.

Total cost: \$24 million for New World Scholarship Accounts and an additional \$58,180,571 for tutoring grants and professional development.

**Additionally, school districts are authorized to receive grants to support artificial intelligence platforms that conform with statutory restrictions and are intended to increase student learning and reduce student workload.** This could include lesson plans, professional learning and one-on-one tutoring.

Unfortunately, provisions related to career and technical education were wrapped into bills that weakened child labor laws for



teenagers working in or around residential building construction sites outside of career and technical education (CTE) programs. Another bill related to CTE requires districts to promote CTE opportunities to parents and students beginning in middle school.

Three additional bills expand existing programs related to a fine arts recognition, music-based supplemental instruction and a tutoring program that encourages high school students to work with younger children to strengthen their reading programs.

HB 1285 defies classification with topics addressing the college and university system, school districts, charter schools, private school facilities, turnaround schools and charter school teaching certificates. **This bill does include a small measure related to the instructional materials protests by limiting non-parent book challenges to one a month. It's a small change, but still does not bring clarity to the reason the vague language has prompted so many challenges around the state.**

HB 1285 also includes a provision aimed at charter school takeovers of schools in turnaround. The Senate initially proposed a four-year turnaround plan that included the option of setting up a community school as a turnaround plan. Unfortunately,

the House removed the legislation and required the school district to operate the school for another year while they negotiate the takeover process. No matter how well the school does, the school district must operate the school and pay fees to the charter school company that will be taking the school the following year.

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### REQUIRED INSTRUCTION

Required instruction is a section of Florida Statutes that includes specific topics that public schools are required to teach but that may not be explicitly outlined in the state instructional content standards.

**There were more than 20 bills filed in this category, but only two passed both the House and Senate.** The first bill, HB 1329 requires that all public schools add two 45-minute lessons on the history and importance of veterans, Veterans Day and Memorial Day to be taught on or before the respective holidays. This is in addition to the requirement that public schools teach about Medal of Honor recipients on or before Medal of Honor Day.

New standards for student instruction on the History of Communism were also created in another bill that was labeled by critics as a political stunt, since communism and other economic and social theories are already part of the state's curriculum in history and economics.

## Learn More

When it comes to tracking book bans across the state and fighting for students' access to diverse and high-quality literature, the Florida Freedom to Read Project stands out for their stellar work. Be sure to check their website, [fftrp.org](https://fftrp.org), regularly. Consider following them on [Facebook](#) and [Twitter/X](#) @FLFreedomRead

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## RELATED BILLS:

- **SB 46: Reading Achievement Initiative for Scholastic Excellence Program (RAISE)**, by Sen. L. Stewart (D-SD 17 – Orlando) and HB 315 by Rep P. Williams (D-98 – Fort Lauderdale)

Votes: Senate: [39-0](#) | House: [114-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/46/BillText/er/PDF>

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- **CS/CS/HB 917: Career and Technical Education**, by Rep. J. Snyder (R-HD 86 – Tallahassee) and SB 460 by Sen. C. Simon ((R-SD 3 – Tallahassee)

Votes: Senate: [32-0](#) | House: [105-3](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/917/BillText/er/PDF>

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- **HB 523: Florida Seal of Fine Arts Program**, by Rep. J. Canady (R-HD 50 – Lakeland) and SB 694 by Sen. K. Perry (R- SD 9 – Gainesville)

Votes: Senate: [39-0](#) | House: [113-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/523/BillText/er/PDF>

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- **CS/CS/HB 537: Student Achievement**, by Rep. S. Valdez (D-HD 64 – Tampa) and SB 590 by Sen. D. Burgess (R-SD 23 – Zephyrhills)

Votes: Senate: [39-0](#) | House: [111-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/537/BillText/e1/PDF>

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- **SB 1688: Career-Themed Courses**, by Sen. R. Osgood (D-SD 32 – Tamarac) and HB 553 by Rep L. Dunkley (D-HD 97 – Lauderhill)

Votes: Senate: [39-0](#) | House: [115-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1688/BillText/er/PDF>

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- **CS/CS/HB 1285: Education**, by Rep. J. Canady (R-HD 50 – Lakeland) and SB 996 by Sen. D. Burgess (R-SD 23 – Zephyrhills)

Votes: Senate: [28-11](#) | House: [84-29](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1285/BillText/er/PDF>

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- **CS/HB 1361: Education**, by Rep. J. Temple (R-HD 52 – The Villages) and SB 7038 Education by Education Pre-K – 12 and Sen. C. Yarborough (R-SD 4 – Jacksonville)

Votes: Senate: [38-0](#) | House: [113-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1361/BillText/c1/PDF>

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- **CS/SB 7032: Education**, by Education Postsecondary and HB 7051 by Rep. L. Melo (R-HD 82 – Naples)

Votes: Senate [40-0](#) | House [112-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/7032/BillText/er/PDF>

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- **CS/CS/HB 1329: Veterans**, by Rep. M. Redondo (R-SD 118 – Miami) and SB 1666 by Sen. J. Collins (R-SD 14 – Tampa)

Votes: Senate [39-0](#) | House [113-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1329/BillText/c2/PDF>

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- **CS/CS/SB 1264: History of Communism**, by Sen. J. Collins (R-SD 14 – Tampa) and HB 1349 by Rep. R. Brannan III (R-HD 10 – Lake City)

Votes: Senate: [25-7](#) | House: [106-7](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1264/BillText/er/PDF>

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# Vouchers and School Choice

When HB 1 passed last year, our biggest concern was that money that had been earmarked for public education would be used to pay the tuition of students who were already attending private schools. That fear turned out to be a reality. The vast majority of new voucher recipients are those who were already attending a private school. Meanwhile, this year's budget shifts almost \$3 billion away from public schools to provide private school vouchers.

There were several bills that were put forward this session to expand vouchers and school choice. Many of these bills built upon the massive school choice expansion bill from last year, HB 1. There were many administrative challenges caused by HB 1 and it highlighted the lack of infrastructure around voucher programs. This was especially true when it came to voucher funding organizations. The bill that ended up passing was HB 1403. This bill consolidated the Hope Voucher and Florida Tax Credit Voucher into one voucher and expanded the Family Empowerment voucher by up to 21,000 new students. **There are now more than 400,000 students participating in the universal voucher program in Florida, which is the largest school voucher choice program in the nation.** To see the financial loss to your district from vouchers, see pages 49-51 of Appendix A.

## RELATED BILLS:

- **CS/CS/HB 1403: School Choice**, by Rep. J. Tomkow (R-HD-51 – Polk City) and SB 7048 by the Senate Pre-K 12 Education Committee

Votes: Senate: [40-0](#) | House: [89-18](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1403/BillText/c2/PDF>

- **CS/SB 7004: Education**, by Sen. C. Simon (R-SD 3 – Tallahassee) & Sen. R. Osgood (D-SD 32 – Tamarac) and HB 7025 by Rep. D. Trabulsky (R-HD-84 – Fort Pierce) & Rep J. Lopez (D-43 – Orlando) and

Votes: Senate: [38-0](#) | House: [117-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/7004/BillText/er/PDF>

## Learn More

What is the true cost of Florida being the largest state to offer universal vouchers? FEA's podcast, *Educating From the Heart*, covers this and more with Norin Dollard, PhD, of the Florida Policy Institute and Rev. Dr. Russel Meyer, Executive Director of the Florida Council of Churches. **Listen to “Examining the Cost and Morality of Vouchers for All”** at [FEAweb.org/podcast/vouchersforall](https://FEAweb.org/podcast/vouchersforall)

## Early Learning

There were proposals for significant changes in the use of technology, early learning training and performance standards, student assessment and reimbursement rates, but the most significant bills did not pass.

Provisions that affect PreK programs have been addressed in other sections of this document. We can expect many of the changes proposed to early learning will return next year.

See summaries of SB 7002, SB 7004, SB 46, HB 1285, and HB 1361 in other sections of this document for more details and information.

## Ethics and Elections

The Harry T. and Harriette V. Moore Voting Rights Act would have rolled back legislative barriers to voting that have been implemented over the past few sessions. The bill is named for central Florida teachers and civil rights activists who were killed for their efforts to register Black Floridians to vote. Shamefully, the bill didn't get a single committee hearing in either chamber.

Bills affecting our elections in Florida were flowing fast and furious during this past legislative session. Issues around elections ranged from challenges to the percentage of votes needed to pass a constitutional amendment to restrictions on how artificial intelligence can be used in election ads.

**There were proposals that would have changed the millage rate calculations by including school taxes in the homestead exemptions and require two votes to confirm a tax increase before the tax could be implemented.** That would have severely reduced the funding provided to maintain our public schools. Another change would have made it more difficult to get local tax referendum passed by requiring a supermajority vote of the county board of commissioners to place a local referendum on the ballot. **Each of**

**these measures failed to secure a majority in both chambers.** A voter registration bill that did pass was HB 135 which will fix a glitch with the Florida Department of Motor Vehicles registration process which requires people to confirm in writing any change in party registration when updating a voter registration record.

### RELATED BILL

- **CS/HB 135/SB 1256 Voter Registration**, by Rep. P. Gossett-Seidman (R-91 – Highland Beach) and SB 1256 Sen. J. Martin (R-33 – Fort Myers)

**Votes:** Senate: [40-0](#) | House: [113-0](#)

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/135/BillText/er/PDF>



# Health and School Safety

Florida's leaders talk a lot about school safety, but their words often do not match their actions. Again this year, real solutions such as ensuring students have access to school counselors and mental health professionals were ignored. Instead, elected leaders have seemingly accepted more mass violence will happen at schools as evidenced by the requirement for each classroom to have its "safest space" clearly marked and for students to be notified of the safe space in each classroom within the first two weeks of the school year.

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## SOCIAL MEDIA SAFETY

After a veto from Gov. Ron DeSantis of the original social media bill (HB 1), the Florida legislature quickly put together HB 3 in the last days of the 2024 Legislative Session. HB 3 restricts social media access for children under 16, allowing parental consent for users aged 14 and 15. HB 3 also includes changes which were intended to meet some concerns about constitutionality raised by the governor, in part related to how companies verify age and allowing for an anonymous verification option. **The legislation bans individuals under the age of 14 from establishing accounts on social media platforms defined in the bill.**

However, the legislation gives parents the power to allow their kids to access the platforms. For students in our public schools, it bans individuals under the age of 18 from accessing material deemed harmful to minors and provides that a cause of action can be brought against companies that violate the legislation's provisions. The bill mandates the deletion of accounts and personal data for minors under 14 and allows for parental intervention for those up to age 16. It is unclear what effect the new legislation will have for using social media in instruction, potential liability

for enforcement or on staff working conditions.

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## CHILD LABOR LAW ROLLBACKS

The Legislature rolled back child labor laws in HB 49 as well as SB 917. These provisions were sought by service industry companies having a tough time finding workers who touted the bill as a way to allow teens more freedom to find work. There are major concerns that this will lead to exploitation of students by employers and hurt our students' ability to do well in school. These concerns were raised by many community groups in committee hearings and through social media and an email campaign. **As a result of this pressure, many of the worst proposed rollbacks to child labor laws were removed from the bills as they moved through the process.**

After the final amendments were made and the bills passed, new language in statutes will permit 16- and 17-year-olds to work the same hours as 18-year-olds and they will be able to work on building construction sites if the employers meet certain supervisory and safety standards. There was also a statewide preemption over employment regulations and workplace heat exposure requirements, invalidating

local government ordinances that exceed or conflict with state or federal labor laws.

### SCHOOL SAFETY

This legislation made significant changes to the school guardian training requirements for school districts. The new law will permit sheriffs who conduct the school guardian training to waive the 144 hours of training if a person is currently certified under the Florida Criminal Justice Standards and Training commission and meets other requirements. The bill also changes the requirement that school guardian training include 12 hours of diversity training and replaces it with a requirement that the training improve the knowledge and skills necessary to respond to and de-escalate incidents on school premises.

In another section of the bill, security related to drones was added to the current laws. It forbids a person — without the expressed written permission of certain school personnel — from operating a drone over a public or private school serving students in any grade from voluntary prekindergarten through grade 12. Drones are also prohibited from making contact with a school, including any person or object on the premises of or within the school facility.

The revisions also require that within the first five days of school students be taught how to use the required mobile suspicious activity reporting tool (FortifyFL) using age and developmentally appropriate methods, and that students be reminded of the consequences for making a threat or false report.

Data-sharing processes have also been expanded. Now, when a post-secondary, dually enrolled student of any age is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer for an offense that would have been a felony if committed by an adult, the law

enforcement agency must notify the superintendent of schools that the child is alleged to have committed the delinquent act. The superintendent of schools, or his or her designee, must notify the chief of police or the public safety director of the postsecondary institution at which the student is dual enrolled within one business day after receiving the initial notification.

The legislation allows unannounced inspection of schools by both the state Office of Safe Schools and the district school safety specialist to monitor the school's compliance with all school safety regulations. The bill requires school personnel be referred for administrative discipline if they knowingly violate or do not comply with the new safety provisions. Districts are required to notify and monitor employee compliance with the requirements that all school gates and other entrances remain closed and locked when students are on campus unless attended or actively staffed. All classroom and instructional spaces are also required to be locked when occupied by students except between class periods. If a classroom or other instructional space door must be left unlocked or open for any reason other than between class periods when students are moving between classrooms or other instructional spaces, the door must be actively staffed by a person standing or seated at the door. The safest area in each classroom and instructional space must also be marked and students notified of these safe areas within the first ten days of school.

**Districts must also establish progressive discipline policies to address instructional personnel and administrative personnel who knowingly violate the school safety requirements.** There are significant collective bargaining implications associated with communication, training and building maintenance to implement the considerable changes in this new law.

### SESSION BY THE NUMBERS

43,650

The number of emails sent to legislators through FEA action alerts.

## SESSION BY THE NUMBERS

# 178

The number of FEA members – from the panhandle to the Keys – that came to Tallahassee to testify, meet with lawmakers and advocate for public education.

## STUDENT HEALTH AND BRONCHODILATORS

This legislation authorizes public schools to acquire and stock a supply of short-acting bronchodilators and components for student who suffer respiratory distress. Schools must adopt protocols for school personnel who are trained to recognize symptoms of respiratory distress and to administer a short acting bronchodilator or components. The school district and the protocol must provide guidance for administering short-acting bronchodilators or components in instances of respiratory distress for a student with a known diagnosis of asthma and if approved by the school district for students with no known diagnosis of asthma.

### RELATED BILLS:

- **CS/HB 1: Online Protections for Minors**, by Rep. T. Sirois (R-HD 31 – Merritt Island) and Rep. F. McFarland (R-HD 73 – Sarasota) and Rep. M. Rayner (D-HD 62 – St. Petersburg) and SB 1788, by Sen. E. Grall (R-SD 29 – Fort Pierce)

Votes: Senate: [23-14](#) | House: [108-7](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName=h0001er.docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0001&Session=2024>

*HB 1 was signed by officers and presented to the Governor on Feb. 23. The Governor vetoed the bill on March 1.*

- **CS/CS/HB 3: Online Access to Materials Harmful to Minors**, by Rep. C. Tramont (R-HD 30 – Port Orange) and Rep. T. Overdorf (R-HD 85 – Stuart) and Rep. T. Sirois (R-HD 31 – Merritt Island) SB 1792, by Sen. E. Grall (R-SD 29, Ft. Pierce)

Votes: Senate: [30-5](#) | House: [109-4](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName=h0003e1.docx&Doc>

[umentType=Bill&BillNumber=0003&Session=2024](#)

- **CS/CS/HB 49: Employment and Curfew of Minors**, by Rep. L. Chaney (R-HD 61 – St. Petersburg) and SB 1596, by Sen. D. Burgess (R-SD 23 – Zephyrhills)

Votes: Senate: [27-11](#) | House: [76-33](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/49/BillText/c2/PDF>

- **CS/CS/HB 433: Employment Regulations**, by Rep. T. Esposito (R-HD 77 – Fort Myers) and SB 1492, by Sen. J. Trumbull (R-SD 2 – Panama City)

Votes: Senate: [24-15](#) | House: [74-36](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/433/BillText/c2/PDF>

- **CS/CS/HB 883: Short-acting Bronchodilator Use in Public and Private Schools**, by Rep. T. Koster (R-HD 66 – Tampa) and CS/CS/SB 962, by Sen. E. Hooper (R-SD 21 – Palm Harbor)

Votes: Senate: [34-0](#) | House: [115-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName=h0883er.docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0883&Session=2024>

- **CS/CS/HB 1473: School Safety**, by Rep. D. Trabulsky (R-HD 84 – Fort Pierce) and CS/SB 1356, by Sen. A. Calatayud (R-SD 38 – Miami)

Votes: Senate: [39-0](#) | House: [112-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1473/BillText/c2/PDF>

# Higher Education

It is noteworthy that this session has been characterized by a markedly subdued level of legislative activity in the realm of higher education compared to the last few sessions. This relative calm follows a protracted period of tumult and contention, where the academic landscape was significantly politicized, leading to the erosion of academic and intellectual freedom and the undermining of diversity initiatives.

This period of quieter legislative endeavors can also be attributed to the ongoing medley of legal challenges stemming directly from previous legislative actions. These circumstances underscore

a complex backdrop against which these new policies are being introduced, hopefully, reflecting a moment of introspection and recalibration in the state's approach to higher education policymaking.

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## VICTORY FOR HEALTH INSURANCE TRANSITION

A notable victory this session is the transition to state health insurance for participating colleges. This move represents a significant milestone for our members and the higher education system, promising improved access to healthcare and potentially better health outcomes for faculty and staff. **This transition could lead to substantial savings and enhanced benefits for our community, marking a positive shift in the support system for higher education professionals.**

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## WORKFORCE ALIGNMENT AND STUDENT EMPLOYMENT

New policies offer public postsecondary institutions more flexibility in student employment and aim to align educational offerings with workforce needs. However, the effectiveness of these measures in truly addressing the dynamic needs of Florida's economy without undermining academic quality is yet to be seen.

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## CHALLENGES TO EDUCATIONAL INTEGRITY

Of particular concern is legislation that aligns with the continuation of the so-called "STOP Woke" culture wars, directly impacting educational integrity and standards. These policies, which restrict the discussion and teaching of critical historical events and concepts, pose a significant threat to the foundational principles of higher education. **By mandating a narrow view of history and prohibiting the exploration of systemic issues, these laws not only undermine our higher education institutions but also detract from our national rankings and ability to attract a diverse and talented pool of students and faculty.**

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## SUPPORT FOR SERVICE MEMBERS AND ACCESS TO EDUCATION

Legislation waiving GRE or GMAT score requirements for service members, and veterans is a step in the right direction for supporting our military community in pursuing higher education. Additionally, the introduction of the Graduation Alternative Traditional Education Program (GATE) in SB 7032, (outlined in the



Curriculum and Instruction section of this report) will permit young people who did not graduate from high school to complete a post-secondary credential free of charge. This underscores efforts to make education more accessible, although the overall impact remains contingent on effective implementation and funding.

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#### **FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Campuses can now use capital improvement fees to spruce up their facilities. They've also upped the number of extra dorm beds allocated to affordable housing for essential workers to 50. Certain dorms can skip the usual building permit process but must meet safety standards, especially for hurricanes. However, there

is a cap on using state funds for dorm projects, pushing schools towards using grants, donations, or capital fees instead. Also, if a project involves a public-private partnership, it'll need a financial once-over from the Division of Bond Finance.

Additionally, universities have the green light to keep a reserve fund bigger than 7% of their budget. If they dip below, they need to explain how they'll fix it to the Board of Governors. Plus, they can plan to spend these reserves on future needs, like building projects, maintenance, or even a rainy-day fund for emergencies. The aim is to give campuses more flexibility and financial security.

## *Learn More*

Attacks on the free exchange of ideas on college campuses have been a hallmark of the past few legislative sessions.

The American Federation of Teachers has compiled resources ([www.aft.org/highered/free-exchange-resources](http://www.aft.org/highered/free-exchange-resources)) that dive into topics like free speech and academic freedom on campus to help you provide a safe learning environment where difficult discussions and debates can happen and where free speech on campus is protected from attacks by all.

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## RELATED BILLS:

- **CS/CS/HB 217: College Campus Facilities in Areas of Critical State Concern**, by Rep. J. Moody (R-HD 120 – Key Largo) and SB 222, by Sen. A. Rodriguez (R-SD 40 – Doral)

Votes: Senate: [29-0](#) | House: [116-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName=h0217er.doc&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0217&Session=2024>

- **CS/CS/HB 1285: Education**, by Rep. J. Canady (R-HD 50 – Lakeland) and SB 996, by Sen. D. Burgess (R-SD 3 – Tallahassee)

Votes: Senate: [28-11](#) | House: [84-29](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1285/BillText/e1/PDF>

- **CS/CS/HB 7051: Education**, by Rep. L. Melo (R-HD 82 – Naples) and SB 7032, by Education Committee

Votes: Senate: [28-11](#) | House: [84-29](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/7032/BillText/c1/PDF>

- **CS/CS/HB 917: Workforce Development and Technical Education**, by Rep. J. Snyder (R-HD 86 – Palm City) SB 460, by Sen. C. Simon (R-SD 3 – Tallahassee)

Votes: Senate: [32-0](#) | House: [105-3](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/917/BillText/e1/PDF>

- **CS/CS/SB 494: Graduate Program Admissions**, by Sen. B. Avila (R-SD 39 – Hialeah Gardens) and HB 511, by Rep. J. Holcomb (R-HD 53 – Spring Hill)

Votes: Senate: [37-0](#) | House: [113-1](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/494/BillText/er/PDF>

- **CS/SB 62: Resident Status for Tuition Purposes**, by Sen. R. Osgood (D-SD 32 – Tamarac) and HB 767, by Rep. J. Edmonds (D-HD 88 – West Palm Beach)

Votes: Senate: [38-0](#) | House: [109-5](#)

Bill text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/62/BillText/er/PDF>

- **CS/HB 1291: Educator Preparation Programs**, by Rep. J. Snyder (R-HD 86 – Palm City) and Rep. B. Jacques (R-HD 59 – Clearwater) and SB 1372, by Sen. B. Ingoglia (R-SD 11 – Spring Hill)

Votes: Senate: [28-12](#) | House: [81-31](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1291/BillText/er/PDF>

- **HB 5101: Education**, by PreK-12 Appropriations Subcommittee and SB 2516, by Appropriations Committee

Votes: Senate: [38-0](#) | House: [118-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/5101/BillText/Filed/PDF>

- **CS/HB 707: State University Unexpended Funds**, by Rep. D. Silvers (D-HD 89 – West Palm Beach) and SB 1128, by Sen. J. Martin (R-SD 33 – Fort Myers)

Votes: Senate: [35-0](#) | House: [115-1](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/707/BillText/er/PDF>

# Non-Instructional

The 2024 Florida Legislature did not focus a lot of attention on non-instructional issues this session. The FEA priorities of critical shortages areas and compressed salary schedule did not get the attention we desired, but we will continue to fight for real solutions.

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One a of the few pieces of legislation related to non-instructional personnel has a direct impact on transportation employees and student safety. **This legislation authorizes the civil fines collected to be used for student transportation safety initiatives, driver recruitment and retention stipends, or other student transportation safety enhancements.** The bill revises the requirements for signage posted on the rear of a school bus indicating the use of a school bus camera infraction detection system.

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## RELATED BILL:

- **CS/CS/SB 994: Student Transportation Safety**, by Sen. D. Burgess (R-SD 23 – Zephyrhills) and HB 1045, by Rep. K. Michael (R-HD 16 – Jacksonville Beach)

Votes: Senate: [25-9](#) | House: [111-4](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/994/BillText/er/PDF>

# Retirement

When legislators make choices such as funding private school tuition to the tune of nearly \$3 billion and allowing Florida's largest corporations to pay nothing in taxes, those impacts are always felt elsewhere. One of those consequences is legislators claim they cannot afford to reinstate the cost-of-living adjustment to the Florida Retirement System. At the end of the day, budgets are values documents and it is clear that certain legislators value corporations over people.

Over the past two decades, Florida has witnessed a marked escalation in the cost of living, significantly affecting the financial stability of its residents. For example, the median house price has risen from \$144,634 to \$237,000, highlighting a substantial increase in housing costs. Likewise, monthly utility expenses have grown from \$251 to \$411, and individual grocery costs have advanced from \$198 to \$324. Furthermore, annual transportation expenses have surged from \$6,410 to \$10,503, while per capita healthcare costs have elevated from \$4,684 to \$7,676. Against this backdrop, the Legislature had the opportunity this session to address these financial pressures by restoring the Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) for retirees. **Although the House proposed a 3% COLA restoration through HB 151, this measure was ultimately rejected by the Senate during budget conferencing.** As a result, the session concluded with only minimal modifications to the retirement system, as encapsulated in SB 7024. On a positive note, the administrative costs to the districts for managing the retirement program are at a historical low, potentially freeing up funds for addressing other critical concerns.

There was a significant change in the statute governing re-employment after retirement. Retired members of FRS will now be permitted to work for a FRS

employer beginning 6 months after retirement instead of being required to wait a full 12 months. As always, one should consult with their financial advisor before making decisions that could affect retirement benefits.

## RELATED BILL:

- **CS/HB 151: Florida Retirement System**, by Rep. D. Busatta Cabrea (R-HD 114 – Coral Gables) and SB 242, by Sen. E. Hooper (R-SD 21 – Palm Harbor)

**Votes:** Senate: [39-0](#) | House: [109-0](#)

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/151/BillText/c1/PDF>

## Learn More

FEA-Retired is a state-wide network that allows members to stay connected with fellow National Education Association and American Federation of Teachers members and programs. They work to improve and strengthen the programs that affect retired educators: the Florida Retirement System, health benefits, public education, and Medicare and Social Security.

**Learn more at** [FEAweb.org/fea-retired](https://FEAweb.org/fea-retired)



# Teacher Preparation and Certification

Most every parent wants their children’s teachers to be professionally trained and certified. However, legislators have spent the past few years weakening certification requirements in a misguided attempt to address the teacher and staff shortage. This year saw new measures to weaken teacher certification as well as new limitations on what can be taught on issues of race and racism in teacher preparation programs.

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Teacher preparation usually attracts a lot of attention during the legislative session, and this year was no exception. One change in the new Temporary Apprenticeship Certificate will allow the apprentice to earn their subject area certificate after they begin their program, which was created last year to give future teachers the opportunity earn their professional licensure free of charge and be paid as a paraprofessional while they are working in our classrooms. This provision is included in SB 7004 which is linked in the Deregulation section of this report.

A new and controversial teacher certification was created this session to accommodate so-called “classical” charter schools. The legislation will allow a charter school to request a classical certificate be issued for a teacher who does not meet any of the professional, subject area or general knowledge qualifications required for a professional certificate. The certificate requirements will be set by the Department of Education and will not be transferable to any school except a classical school. These teachers are still required to teach the state standards and their students must take state assessments, so it is unclear how student learning will be enhanced by this provision. This is a provision in HB 1285 which is linked in the Curriculum and Instruction section of this report.

Finally, in one of the most contentious bills of the session, HB 1291, teacher preparation programs are now prohibited from containing any materials related to identity politics, banned in the “Stop Woke Act,” or based on theories that systemic racism, sexism, oppression, and privilege are inherent in the institutions of the United States and were created to maintain social, political, and economic inequities.

**This effort to remove discussions of diversity and equity runs counter to the second part of the law change which adds that candidates be given the opportunity to think critically, achieve mastery of academic program content, learn instructional strategies, and demonstrate competence.**

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## RELATED BILL:

- **CS/HB 1291: Educator Preparation Programs**, by Rep. J. Snyder (R-HD 86 – Palm City) and HB 1372, by Sen. B. Ingolgia (R-SD 11 – Spring Hill)

**Votes:** Senate: [28-12](#) | House: [81-31](#)

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1291/BillText/er/PDF>

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# Union Issues

This session, the Florida Legislature continued its attack on unions by filing and passing a “glitch bill,” doubling down on last year’s SB 256. While the bill included one positive provision, they added additional hurdles for unions to overcome in order to be recertified as the bargaining agent. Additionally, they introduced and passed eight new collective bargaining limitations on unions with regards to school districts.

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## UNION RESTRICTIONS

As part of the union “glitch bill,” SB 1746 included one positive provision – that we supported – which removes the onerous financial audit requirement and replaces it with a financial statement in lieu of a full audit. However, when SB 1746 is signed into law, unions will now be required to collect the state-mandated PERC membership authorization form. The form will now be tied to showing the 60% membership threshold required for recertification.

- Providing any required notice or copies of information related to the district school board or district operations which is readily available on the school district’s website.
- The school district's calendar.

If a district school superintendent is required to appear before the State Board of Education regarding setting of salary schedules, the state board “must require the president of the collective bargaining unit that represents the school district also must appear.”

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## COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

Additionally, included in the final Public School Deregulation package is language further restricting collective bargaining. When SB 7002 is signed into law, collective bargaining may not preclude a school board from carrying out their constitutional and statutory duties related to the following:

- Providing incentives to effective and highly effective teachers.
- Implementing intervention and support strategies under s. 1008.33 to address the causes of low student performance and improve student academic performance and attendance.
- Implementing student discipline provisions required by law, including a review of a student’s abilities, past performance, behavior, and needs.
- Implementing school safety plans and requirements.
- Implementing staff and student recognition programs.
- Distributing correspondence to parents, teachers, and community members related to the daily operation of schools in the district.

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## RELATED BILLS:

- **CS/SB 1746: Public Employees**, by Sen. B. Ingoglia (R-SD 11 – Spring Hill) and HB 1471, by Rep. D. Black (R-HD 15 – Jacksonville)

Votes: Senate: [21-14](#) | House: [77-36](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1746/BillText/e1/PDF>

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- **CS/SB 7002: Deregulation of Public Schools/ School District Finance and Budgets, Facilities, and Administration and Oversight**, by Education PreK – 12 and Sen. T. Hutson (R-SD 7, Palm Coast) and HB 7039 by Choice and Innovation Subcommittee and Rep. A. Rizo (R-HD 112, Hialeah)

Votes: Senate: [38-0](#) | House: [115-0](#)

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/7002/BillText/er/PDF>

# MISCELLANEOUS

## SCHOOL CHAPLAINS

This session the legislature continued its efforts to “address school issues” without actually addressing the real issues in schools. To say they did something on mental health, the legislature passed HB 931 related to voluntary school chaplains. Rather than hire much needed school counselors to assist students with mental health counseling, services and programs, school districts can now adopt a policy to permit volunteer school chaplains to perform these services instead.

## TAX PACKAGE

This year’s annual tax package, HB 7073, will provide a tax credit to insurance companies who reduce premiums for homeowners. This projects to save homeowners \$120-200 per household over two years. **Earlier versions of the tax package included a provision that would have limited a sales tax (penny tax) referendum from only being able to go for 10 years rather than current 20 year maximum; however, FEA worked with our partners who run referendum and were able to eliminate this provision from the final bill.** Finally, the tax package continues to provide several sales tax holidays, including several that were first introduced last year:

- **Back to School Sales Tax Holiday** – This year the state will run the sales tax holiday from July 29 to August 11. Clothing, footwear, wallets, and bags under \$100 are exempt, as are school supplies under \$50 and personal computers and related accessories with a sales price of \$1,500 or less.
- **Disaster Preparedness Sales Tax Holiday** – Like last year, the state will again have two sales tax holidays for disaster preparations – June 1 to June 14 and August 24 to September 6. Items that will be tax free include flashlights and other self-powered lights under \$40, self-powered radios under \$50, waterproof sheeting under \$100, batteries and battery packs under \$50, necessary supplies for the evacuation of pets, and common household products. A complete list is found in Appendix B, pages 54-55.

- **Freedom Month Sales Tax Holiday** – Last year the legislature enacted “Freedom Summer” with tax exemptions running all summer. This year the state will run a one-month sales tax holiday from July 1 to July 31 for admissions and items related to recreational activities occurring between July 1 and December 31 if the ticket or admission is purchased during July 1 to July 31. The full list of exemptions is found in Appendix B, pages 54-55.
- **Skilled Worker “Tool Time” Sales Tax Holiday** – The bill once again enacts a seven-day sales tax holiday from September 1 to September 7, aimed at providing skilled workers with tax exemptions on commonly used tools and necessary equipment to perform their jobs. See Appendix B, pages 54-55, for the full list of exemptions.

## RELATED BILLS:

- **HB 931: School Chaplains**, by Rep. S. McClain (R-HD 27 – Ocala) and Rep. K. Daniels (D-HD 14 – Jacksonville) SB 1044, by Sen. E. Grall (R-SD 29 – Fort Pierce)  
Votes: Senate: [28-12](#) | House: [89-25](#)  
Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0931er.docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0931&Session=2024>
- **HB 7073: Taxation**, by Ways & Means Committee and Rep. S. McClain (R-HD 27 – Ocala) and SB 7074, by Finance & Tax  
Votes: Senate: [38-0](#) | House: [110-0](#)  
Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/7073/BillText/c1/PDF>

## BILLS THAT FAILED TO PASS

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1. **HB 13: Minimum Base Salary for Full-Time Teachers**, by Rep. J. Edmonds (D-HD 88 – West Palm Beach) and SB 136, by Sen. L. Berman (D-SD 26 – Boynton Beach)

*Would have increased the minimum base salary for all full-time classroom teachers to \$65,000.*

Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0013 .docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0013&Session=2024>

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2. **HB 25: Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program**, by Rep. J. Edmonds (D-HD 88 – West Palm Beach) and SB 262, by Sen. B. Powell (D-SD 24 – West Palm Beach)

*Would have changed the eligibility requirements for a student to earn a Bright Futures Scholarship.*

Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0025 .docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0025&Session=2024>

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3. **SB 52: Anaphylaxis in Public Schools**, by Sen. L. Stewart (D-SD 17 – Orlando) and HB 65, by Rep. R. Harris (D-HD 44 – Orlando)

*Would have required each school district to adopt a policy regarding providing anaphylaxis to students, would have required at least 50% of school personnel to be trained in administering anaphylaxis through an EpiPen, and required DOE to publish on its website the adopted policies by each school board.*

Bill Text: <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/52/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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4. **CS/HB 109: Conversion Charter Schools**, by Rep. A. Andrade (R-HD 2 – Pensacola) and SB 246, by Sen. G. Harrell (R-SD 31 – Stuart)

*Would have changed the process for a public school to be converted to a charter school by removing the current requirement of at least 50% teacher support required in the application, and allowed a municipality to be included in the list of entities applying to convert a public school to a charter school.*

Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0109c1.docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0109&Session=2024>

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5. **HB 131: Compulsory School Attendance**, by Rep. K. Chambliss (D-HD 117 – Miami) and S. Valdez (D-HD 64 – Tampa)

*Would have raised the school attendance from 16 to 18 years of age and removed the requirement of a parent to sign off on a student leaving school.*

Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0131 .docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0131&Session=2024>

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6. **HB 139: Access to High School Sports**, by Rep. S. Plasencia (R-HD 37 – Winter Park) and K. Daniels (D-HD 14 – Jacksonville) and SB 546, by Sen. J. Collins (R-SD 14 – Tampa)

*Would have removed the requirement of a student enrolled in a private school with more than 200 students to have been eligible to participate in public school sports.*

Bill Text: <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0139 .docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0139&Session=2024>

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7. **SB 166: Protections for Public Employees who use Medical Marijuana as Qualified Patients**, by Sen. T. Polisky (D-SD 30 – Boca Raton)

*Would have established the “Medical Marijuana Protection Act” establishing a process that would prohibit a public employer from taking adverse personnel action on a public employee who used medical marijuana while under the care of a qualified physician.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/166/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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8. **HB 183: State University Student Fee Waivers**, by Rep. G. Franklin (D-HD 9 – Tallahassee) and SB 1518, by Sen. L. Berman (D-SD 26 – Boynton Beach)

*This bill was a priority of our UFF chapter. The legislation would have created tuition fee waivers for our graduate assistants who teach courses at the university.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0183 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0183&Session=2024>

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9. **SB 190: Ballot Boxes**, by Rep. I. Garcia (R-SD 36 – Miami) and HB 671, by Rep. D. Borrero (R-HD 111 – Doral)

*Would have added additional hurdles to voting by casting a mail in ballot to include the requirement that law enforcement be present at all times when a ballot box is available for voters to drop off their ballot, or upon the transfer of ballot boxes to a supervisor of elections office.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/190/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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10. **SB 200: Educator Certification**, by Sen. J. Gruters (R-SD 22 – Sarasota)

*Would have required the DOE to create a process to allow a holder of a professional educator certificate to place their certificate on inactive status when they are teaching at nonaccredited schools. This provision was included in HB 7002 which passed.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/200/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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11. **SB 240: International Baccalaureate Teacher Bonuses**, by Sen. C. Burton (R-SD 12 – Lakeland) and HB 667, by Rep. F. McFarland (R-HD 73 – Sarasota)

*Would have allowed the DOE to establish equivalent metrics for a teacher to meet to receive the additional bonuses for IB courses.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= s0240 .DOC X&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0240&Session=2024>

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12. **SB 282: Nonpublic Religious Postsecondary Educational Institutions**, by Sen. A. Rodríguez (R-SD 40 – Doral) and HB 1019, by Rep. W. Barnaby (R-HD 29 – Deland)

*Would have modified requirements for nonpublic religious schools to be exempt from the jurisdiction or purview of the Commission for Independent Education, and provided requirements and penalties for noncompliance.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/282/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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13. **SB 294: Instructional Hours for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program**, by Sen. T. Davis (D-SD 5 – Jacksonville) and HB 427, by Rep. A. Nixon (D-HD 13 – Jacksonville)

*Would have increased the VPK program to an 8-hour program day in the school-year and summer programs.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/294/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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14. **SB 300: Universal Free School Breakfast and Lunch Program**, by Sen. L. Berman (D-SD 26 – Boynton Beach) and HB 477, by Rep. A. Tant (D-HD 9 – Tallahassee)

*Would have made significant changes to the free and reduced lunch programs in public schools that would have benefited the students and community.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/300/BillText/Filed/PDF>

15. **HJR 331: Limitation on Property Tax Assessments**, by Rep. A. Garcia (R-HD 115 – Miami) and HB 333, by Rep. A. Garcia and SJR 1060, by Sen. A. Calatayud (R-SD – Miami) and SB 1062, by Sen. A. Calatayud

*Would have placed a ballot initiative on the November 2024 ballot that would have allowed voters to remove the exception for school district levies from the restrictions on assessment increases on nonhomestead real property, thereby reducing the amount of revenue received for Florida’s public schools.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0331 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0331&Session=2024>

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0333 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0333&Session=2024>

16. **HJR 335: Requiring Broader Public Support for Constitutional Amendments or Revisions**, by Rep. R. Roth (R-HD 94 – West Palm Beach) and Rep. M. Beltran (R-HD 70 – Apollo Beach)

*Would have placed a ballot initiative on the November 2024 ballot to require all future constitutional ballot initiatives to be passed with 66.6% of the vote instead of the required 60% plus 1.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0335 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0335&Session=2024>

17. **SB 344: Required Instruction in the History of African Americans**, by Sen. S. Jones (D-SD 34 – Miami Gardens) and HB 1521, by Rep. C. Benjamin (D-HD 107 – Miami Gardens)

*Would have made changes in the teaching of African American history to prohibit the suggestion that enslaved people benefited from their enslavement.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/344/BillText/Filed/PDF>

18. **HB 359: Voting Systems**, by Rep. B. Jacques (R-HD 59 – Clearwater) and Rep. T. Yarkosky (R-HD 25 – Clermont) and SB 1752, by Sen. B. Ingoglia (R-SD 11 – Spring Hill)

*Would have established a process by which ballots can be counted by hand, and would have prohibited the use of voting machines produced, owned or licensed in a foreign country or by an entity that is owned, operated, or majority-controlled by a foreign country.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0359 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0359&Session=2024>

19. **HB 361: School Readiness Program**, by Rep. A. Gantt (D-HD 109, Miami) and SB 342, by Sen. S. Jones (D-SD 34 – Miami Gardens)

*Would have changed the definition of “economically disadvantaged” for the school readiness program to 250 percent of the federal poverty level for the family income threshold.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0361 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0361&Session=2024>

20. **HB 387: Holocaust Remembrance Day**, by Rep. R. Harris (D-HD 44 – Orlando) and SB 396, by Rep. Sen. L. Berman (D-SD 26 – Boynton Beach)

*Would have required the Governor to annually proclaim the first weekday in Holocaust Education Week as “Holocaust Remembrance Day” and required public schools to include instruction on the Holocaust, focusing on its negative impacts on humanity and anti-Semitism as part of the curriculum on Holocaust Remembrance Day.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0387 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0387&Session=2024>

21. **SB 393: School Teacher Training and Mentoring Program**, by Rep. Y. Hinson (D-HD 21 – Gainesville) and Rep. K. Gonzalez Pittman (R-HD 65 – Tampa) and SB 620, by Sen. C. Simon (D-SD 3 – Tallahassee)

*Would have created the School Teacher Training and Mentoring Program within the DOE to enhance teacher effectiveness, student achievement, and classroom management. Would have included stipends of \$2,000 for mentors, up to 3 mentors per school, subject to available funds.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0393 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0393&Session=2024>

22. **SB 394: School Employees**, by Sen. B. Ingoglia (R-SD 11 – Spring Hill) and HB 399, by Rep. J. Temple (R-HD 52 – The Villages)

*Would have required risk protection orders to include whether the respondent is a district school board member or employed as instructional personnel and would have mandated courts to require petitioners to notify the respondent’s employer if a risk protection order is issued against someone who works in school employment.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/394/BillText/Filed/PDF>

23. **CS/SB 400: Reemployment of Retirees in the Florida Retirement System**, by Sen. D. Burgess (R-SD 23 – Zephyrhills)

*Would have eased the requirements to make it easier for a retired employee to be reemployed and receive compensation and retirement benefits. The re-employment provision was included in HB 151 which passed.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/400/BillText/c1/PDF>

24. **SB 430: Florida High School Athletic Association**, by Sen. C. Simon (R-SD 3 – Tallahassee)

*Would have mandated the Florida High School Athletic Association to adopt bylaws that ensure member schools provide specific health care services to student athletes.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/430/BillText/Filed/PDF>

25. **SB 432: Cardiac and Medical Emergencies on School Grounds**, by Sen. C. Simon (R-SD 3 – Tallahassee)

*Would have required each public school to always have at least one automated external defibrillator accessible, and to encourage schools to have enough defibrillators to allow retrieval within 3 minutes during an emergency.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/432/BillText/Filed/PDF>

26. **HB 439: Corporal Punishment**, by Rep. K. Waldron (D-HD 93 – Greenacres) and Rep. M. Beltran (R-HD 70 – Apollo Beach) and SB 1318, by Sen. G. Thompson (D-SD 15 – Orlando)

*Would have required parental approval prior to corporal punishment being administered, and would have required that a principal, and not the teacher, administer the corporal punishment after verifying parental consent.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0439 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0439&Session=2024>

27. **CS/HB 441: Automated External Defibrillators on School Grounds**, by Rep. T. Yarkosky (R-HD 25 – Clermont) and Rep. A. Rizo (R-HD 112 – Hialeah) and SB 830, by Sen. J. Collins (R-SD 14 – Tampa)

*Would have required public schools to have at least one external defibrillator on school grounds and would have allowed DOE to reimburse school districts and charter schools for the purchase of the machines.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0441c1.docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0441&Session=2024>

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28. **HB 465: Postsecondary Education Students**, by Rep. J. Temple (R-HD 52 – The Villages) and SB 470, by Sen. B. Ingoglia (R-SD 11 – Spring Hill)

*Would have required institutions of higher education to report students information to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security and charge students out-of-state tuition fees for students who promote “foreign terrorist organizations.”*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0465 .docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0465&Session=2024>

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29. **CS/HB 483: Computer Science Education**, by Rep. K. Gonzalez Pittman (R-HD 65 – Tampa) and SB 1344, by Sen. A. Calatayud (R-SD 38 – Miami)

*Would have established an Artificial Intelligence in Education Task Force within DOE.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0483c1.docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0483&Session=2024>

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30. **SB 486: Florida School for Competitive Academics**, by Sen. K. Perry (R-SD 9 – Gainesville) and HB 1157, by Rep. A. Garcia (R-HD 115 – Miami)

*Would have authorized the board of trustees of the Florida School for Competitive Academics to change the school’s name and made changes to the appointment or removal of principals, administrators, teachers and other employees.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/486/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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31. **SB 530: Florida High School Athletic Association Student Eligibility Requirements**, by Sen. N. DiCeglie (R-SD 18 – St. Petersburg) and HB 545, by Rep. B. Jacques (R-HD 59 – Clearwater)

*Would have required the Florida High School Athletic Association to prohibit students sentenced as adults for homicide, sexual battery, or lewd or lascivious offenses from participating in high school athletics.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/530/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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32. **HB 541: Safety of Child Care Facilities**, by Rep. P. Williams (D-HD 98 – Fort Lauderdale) and SB 1562, by Sen. B. Powell (D-SD 24 – West Palm Beach)

*Would have mandated law enforcement notify child care facilities of nearby school incidents and recommended safety measures.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0541 .docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0541&Session=2024>

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33. **SB 596: Child Care Facility Safety Measures**, by Sen. I. Garcia (R-SD 36 – Miami)

*Would have required video cameras in child care facilities caring for children ages 4 and younger in instructional areas and required to be recording at all times when children are present, and would have created a policy in which the information obtained on the cameras can be viewed or released.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/596/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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34. **HB 599: Gender Identity Employment Practices**, by Rep. R. Chamberlin (R-HD 24 – Ocala) and SB 1382, by Sen. J. Martin (R-SD 33 – Fort Myers)

*Would have defined employment practices related to gender identity to include a state policy on recognizing a person's sex based on their biological traits, the prohibited use of a person's personal titles or pronouns, and prohibited any mandated training around sexual orientation, gender identity, or expression as employment conditions.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0599 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0599&Session=2024>

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35. **HB 615: Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation in K-12 Schools**, by Rep. P. Stark (R-HD 47 – Kissimmee)

*Would have required school boards to develop a policy for school personnel to be certified in CPR by a specified period of time.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0615 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0615&Session=2024>

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36. **SB 622: Requirements for Career Education Program Basic Skills**, by Sen. C. Simon (R-SD 3 – Tallahassee)

*Would have changed career education program requirements by eliminating certain requirements in statute to include an entry-level exam, the State Board of Education to designate the exams to be administered to assess student basic skills and other items.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/622/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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37. **SB 626: Dual Enrollment Programs**, by Sen. C. Simon (R-SD 3 – Tallahassee)

*Would have required school districts to establish dual enrollment agreements with colleges in the Florida Colleges System that are capable of offering in-person or online courses.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/626/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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38. **HB 643: Prohibited Discrimination Based on Hairstyle in the Education System**, by Rep. F. Driskell (D-HD 67 – Tampa) and SB 686, by Sen. B. Powell (D-SD 24 – West Palm Beach)

*Would have prohibited a school receiving state funds from discriminating against a student based on their hair as traditionally associated with race, such as afros, braids, locks, or twists.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0643 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0643&Session=2024>

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39. **SB 728: K-12 Instructional Personnel Salary Schedules**, by Sen. J. Trumbull (R-SD 2 – Panama City)

*A priority for FEA, this legislation would have removed the prohibition of setting a salary schedule for instructional personnel using an advanced degree. This provision was included in HB 7002 which passed.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/728/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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40. **SB 748: Charter School Capital Outlay Funding**, by Sen. T. Davis (D-SD 5 – Jacksonville) and HB 1323, by Rep. A. Nixon (D-HD 13 – Jacksonville)

*Would have mandated that charter schools submit relevant leases and written documentation, verifying that capital outlay funds will be used in accordance with the requirements of statute prior to the disbursement of capital outlay funds.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/748/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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41. **SB 780: Early Voting Sites**, by Sen. C. Yarborough (R-SD 4 – Jacksonville) and HB 963, by Rep. K. Daniels (D-HD 14 – Jacksonville)

*Would have expanded the locations available for use by a supervisor of election for early voting and the number of early voting sites within a geographic boundary.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/780/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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42. **CS/SB 786: Youth Conflict Resolution and Peer Mediation Pilot Program**, by Sen. B. Powell (D-SD 24 – West Palm Beach) and HB 857, by Rep. L. Bracy Davis (D-HD 40 – Orlando)

*Would have established a Youth Conflict Resolution and Peer Mediation Pilot Program aimed at reducing juvenile violence by teaching peaceful conflict resolution to students.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/786/BillText/c1/PDF>

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43. **HB 847: School Readiness Programs**, by Rep. R. Bartleman (D-HD 103 – Weston) and SB 1400, by Sen. S. Jones (D-SD 34 – Miami Gardens)

*Would have prioritized children from economically disadvantaged families school readiness programs and set funding eligibility requirements for program providers.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0847 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0847&Session=2024>

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44. **HB 895: Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program**, by Rep. K. Arrington (D-HD 46 – Kissimmee) and SB 1484, by Sen. V. Torres (D-SD 25 – Kissimmee)

*Would have mandated a Bright Futures Scholarship mentorship program for students in every public school in Florida, to include access to a certified school counselor who provides information about Bright Futures, and a comprehensive outreach program via social media and the school's website. Mentors can be former students who received Bright Futures.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0895 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0895&Session=2024>

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45. **HB 899: Academic Freedom**, by Rep. Y. Hinson (D-HD 21 – Gainesville) and SB 970, by Sen. G. Thompson (D-SD 15 – Orlando)

*Priority legislation for UFF, this legislation would have removed many of the provisions passed during previous legislative sessions relating to students rights, the rights of FCS and SUS schools to develop DEI programs, and the rights of faculty to engage in collective bargaining and resolve disputes through arbitration.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0899 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0899&Session=2024>

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46. **HB 901: Display of Flags by Governmental Entities**, by Rep. D. Borrero (R-HD 111 – Doral) and Rep. R. Fine (R-HD 33 – Palm Bay) and SB 1120, by Sen. J. Martin (R-SD 33 – Fort Myers)

*Would have prohibited any "governmental entity" or an employee of a governmental entity from displaying a flag that represents a political viewpoint.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0901 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0901&Session=2024>

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47. **HB 903: Educator Certifications and Training**, by Rep. D. Daley (D-HD 96 – Coral Springs) and SB 992, by Sen. S. Jones (D-SD 34 – Miami Gardens)

*Would have required adjunct teachers and students in teacher preparation programs to receive training related to mass casualty incidents.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0903 .docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0903&Session=2024>

50. **CS/HB 947: Sexual Misconduct Information in Public K-20 Education**, by Rep. R. Bartleman (D-HD 103 – Weston) and SB 1270, by Sen. T. Davis (D-SD 5 – Jacksonville)

*Would have mandated that school boards and institutions of higher education enhance providing information and policies regarding Title IX and sexual misconduct.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0947c1.docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0947&Session=2024>

48. **SB 916: School Readiness Programs**, by Sen. A. Calatayud (R-SD 38 – Miami) and HB 929, by Rep. D. Trabulsy (R-HD 84 – Fort Pierce)

*Would have amended the term “economically disadvantaged” to a family income not exceeding 55% of the state median income and change the methodology for distributing school readiness program funding.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/916/BillText/Filed/PDF>

51. **HB 973: Pension Plan Election Under Florida Retirement System**, by Rep. J. Temple (R-HD 52 – The Villages) and SB 1022, by Sen. A. Rodriguez (R-SD 40 – Doral)

*Would have permitted an employee to switch back to the pension plan if they switched to the investment plan.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h0973 .docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=0973&Session=2024>

49. **SB 928: Required Instruction in the History of the Holocaust and the History of African Americans**, by Sen. G. Thompson (D-SD 15 – Orlando)

*Would have permitted the DOE to contract with organizations or museums to develop training and resources to teach African American history and required annual verification by the DOE to ensure that school districts, charter schools, and private schools receiving state funding implement required instruction on the Holocaust and African American history.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/928/BillText/Filed/PDF>

52. **SB 990: Applicants for President of a State University or Florida College System Institution**, by Sen. T. Polsky (D-SD 30 – Boca Raton)

*A priority for UFF, this legislation would have required that a final group of applicants for president positions at colleges or universities must include at least three to five applicants.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/990/BillText/Filed/PDF>

53. **HB 1067: Postsecondary Students Who are Homeless or at Risk of Homelessness**, by Rep. M. Woodson (D-HD 105 – Pembroke Pines) and SB 1308, by A. Calatayud (R-SD 38 – Miami)

*This legislation would have provided additional support and prioritized housing for postsecondary students who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless at our colleges and universities.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1067 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1067&Session=2024>

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54. **HB 1085: Required Life Skills Instruction**, by Rep. D. Campbell (D-HD 99 – Fort Lauderdale) and Rep. D. Daley (D-HD 96 – Coral Springs)

*Would have required additional information be taught to students in K-12 schools to include career readiness, financial literacy, and home economics as well as other mandatory subjects.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1085 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1085&Session=2024>

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55. **HB 1097: Deferred Retirement Option Program Eligibility for School Employees and Personnel**, by Rep. R Harris (D-HD 44 – Orlando) and SB 1482, by Sen. V. Torres (D-SD 25 – Orlando)

*Would have permitted school support personnel to also receive the 96-month eligibility for DROP as currently provided to teachers.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1097 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1097&Session=2024>

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56. **HB 1139: Required Instruction in History of African Americans**, by Rep. K. Michael (R-HD 16 – Jacksonville Beach) and SB 1192, by Sen. B. Ingoglia (R-SD 11 – Spring Hill)

*Would have required that students learn that Democrats had pro-slavery tenets in their political platform.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1139 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1139&Session=2024>

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57. **CS/CS/HB 1169: Coordinated Systems of Care for Children**, by Rep. M. Redondo (R-HD 118 – Miami) and Rep. C. Hunschofsky (D-HD 95 – Coconut Creek) and SB 1340, by Sen. G. Harrell (R-SD 31 – Stuart)

*Would have established a mental health treatment and support system within school districts to include a “care coordinator” who is responsible for participating in the development and implementation of a services plan, linking service providers to a child or adolescent and his or her family, monitoring the delivery of services, providing advocacy, collecting information to determine the effects of services and treatment, and performing care coordination.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1169c2. docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1169&Session=2024>

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58. **HB 1193: Financial Accountability in Publicly Funded Education**, by Rep. K. Skidmore (D-HD 92 – Delray Beach) and SB 1610, by Sen. R. Osgood (D-SD 32 – Tamarac)

*Would have mandated certain requirements by private schools accepting voucher funding and created a K-12 Education Funding Task Force with oversight of private schools.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1193 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1193&Session=2024>

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59. **CS/CS/HB 1195: Millage Rates**, by Rep. S. Garrison (R-HD 11 – Flemming Island) and SB 1322, by Sen. B. Ingoglia (R-SD 11 – Spring Hill)

*Would have required all millage rate increases be approved by a 2/3 vote of the governing body that implemented the increase prior to being enacted.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1195e1.doc&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1195&Session=2024>

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60. **HB 1197: Early Child Care Universal Voucher Program**, by Rep. A. Nixon (D-HD 14 – Jacksonville) and SB 1288, by Sen. B. Powell (D-SD 24 – West Palm Beach)

*Would have established a universal voucher program for children with limited financial resources for eligible children ages 6 or younger, and 13 years or younger for children with disabilities. Services include tuition, transportation, instructional materials, assessments, tutoring services and contributions to college savings programs.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1197 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1197&Session=2024>

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61. **SB 1334: Mental Health Education Training**, by Sen. D. Rouson (D-SD 16 – St. Petersburg) and HB 1357, by Rep. M. Rayner (D-HD 62 – St. Petersburg)

*Would have required mental health training for individuals who have direct youth interaction including educators, counselors, mentors, and coaches and prioritized mental health of youth.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1334/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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62. **HB 1355: Education**, by Rep. M. Rayner (D-HD 62 – St. Petersburg) and SB 1414, by Sen. T. Davis (D-SD 5 – Jacksonville)

*Would have encouraged educational institutions to develop programs of diversity, equity and inclusion of all people; removed prohibitions related to the restrictive use of pronouns, gender identity and sexual orientation in public schools; and updated the requirements for instructional materials and school libraries to promote a more inclusive approach.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1355 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1355&Session=2024>

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63. **HB 1395: Student Elopement**, by Rep. A. Eskamani (D-HD 42 – Orlando) and SB 1578, by Sen. V. Torres (D-SD 25 – Kissimmee)

*Would have required public schools to establish School Staff Assistance for Emergencies (SAFE) Teams and develop a school elopement plan for students with disabilities who leave school without supervision or unnoticed before the end of their scheduled school day.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1395 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1395&Session=2024>

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64. **HB 1397: Student Suspensions and Expulsions**, by Rep. D. Hart (D-HD 63 – Tampa)

*Would have prohibited schools to suspend students in kindergarten to third grade, or expelled students from kindergarten to 12th grade for willful disobedience, open defiance of school staff or authorities, or disruption of school orderly conduct.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1397 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1397&Session=2024>

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65. **HB 1399: Historically Black Colleges and Universities**, by Rep. D. Hart (D-HD 63 – Tampa)

*Would have allocated \$25 million for increased security measures at historically black colleges and universities.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1399 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1399&Session=2024>

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66. **CS/HB 1429: District and School Advisory Councils**, by Rep. M. Bell (R-HD 49 – Fort Meade) and Rep. S. Valdes (D-HD 64 – Tampa) and SB 1652, by Sen. D. Burgess (R-SD 23 – Zephyrhills)

*Would have renamed School Advisory Councils (SAC) to “District Community Advisory Boards”, amended the makeup of the newly created boards, and revised their function.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1429e1.docx&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1429&Session=2024>

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67. **HB 1445: High School Graduation Requirements**, by Rep. G. Franklin (D-HD 8 – Tallahassee) and SB 1614, by Sen. B. Powell (D-SD 24 – West Palm Beach)

*Would have allowed students who are pursuing a Career and Technical Education (CTE) graduation pathway to have more flexibility in meeting high school graduation requirements to include successful passage by 97 points or higher on the math portion of the Postsecondary Education Readiness Test (P.E.R.T) test in lieu of passage of the Algebra 1 End-of-Course (EOC) exam and to have a minimum 2.0 GPA and complete 18 credits for a standard diploma via the CTE pathway among other items.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1445 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1445&Session=2024>

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68. **SB 1472: Video Cameras in Public School Classrooms**, by Sen. E. Grall (R-SD 29 – Fort Pierce) and HB 1655, by Rep. C. Tramont (R-HD 30 – Port Orange) and Rep. K. Chambliss (D-HD 117 – Miami)

*Would have expanded the Broward pilot project passed several years ago to mandate that a school district adopt a policy to provide video cameras that can record audio in public school classrooms where students in exceptional student education self-contained classrooms and the policies to review video footage after a parent believes an “incident” has occurred.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1472/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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69. **HB 1479: Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation Education for Athletic Coaches**, by Rep. P. Williams (D-HD 98 – Fort Lauderdale) and SB 1776, by Sen. B. Powell (D-SD 24 – West Palm Beach)

*Would have required the Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) to adopt guidelines that educate coaches, officials and athletes on the nature and risk of concussions and head injuries, and mandated first aid and CPR courses. Would have also required that coaches hold a current certificate of completion of a CPR course and that a school employee, coach or volunteers with CPR training be in attendance at each athletic event, including practices and conditioning.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.myfloridahouse.gov/Sections/Documents/loaddoc.aspx?FileName= h1479 .doc x&DocumentType=Bill&BillNumber=1479&Session=2024>

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70. **SB 1498: Practice of Audiology and Speech-language Pathology Interstate Compact**, by Sen. T. Wright (R-SD 8 – Port Orange)

*Would have established an interstate compact to streamline the practice of these professions, by mutual recognition of licenses from other states, and allow licensees to practice telehealth across member states.*

**Bill Text:** <https://www.flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2024/1498/BillText/Filed/PDF>

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# APPENDIX A: 2024-2025 FEFP COUNTY-BY-COUNTY BREAKDOWN

*Source: Appendix A contains pages 5-15 of the PDF version of the 2024-25 FEFP. The complete FEFP can be found at [FEAweb.org/2024eos-fefp](http://FEAweb.org/2024eos-fefp).*

## FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

2024-25 FEFP Conference Calculation  
Change in FTE and Funds Compared to the 2023-24 Third Calculation

District	K-12 Unweighted FTE Students				K-12 Total Funding			
	2023-24	2024-25	Difference	Percentage	2023-24	2024-25	Difference	Percentage
	Third	Conference	-3-	-4-	Third	Conference	-7-	-8-
1 Alachua	30,631.28	31,899.43	1,268.15	4.14%	261,221,210	279,887,923	18,666,713	7.15%
2 Baker	4,851.64	4,920.95	69.31	1.43%	42,465,556	44,392,149	1,926,593	4.54%
3 Bay	27,926.63	28,881.41	954.78	3.42%	245,787,685	261,908,435	16,120,750	6.56%
4 Bradford	3,014.37	3,174.91	160.54	5.33%	27,070,173	29,283,006	2,212,833	8.17%
5 Brevard	78,396.59	82,227.16	3,830.57	4.89%	671,896,177	725,161,105	53,264,928	7.93%
6 Broward	271,024.58	279,121.86	8,097.28	2.99%	2,341,165,187	2,487,013,597	145,848,410	6.23%
7 Calhoun	2,012.01	2,004.10	(7.91)	-0.39%	18,914,088	19,414,783	500,695	2.65%
8 Charlotte	17,159.36	17,618.84	459.48	2.68%	156,047,018	165,433,207	9,386,189	6.01%
9 Citrus	16,187.63	16,772.95	585.32	3.62%	138,189,309	147,023,924	8,834,615	6.39%
10 Clay	40,185.55	41,441.17	1,255.62	3.12%	343,669,248	364,933,699	21,264,451	6.19%
11 Collier	50,070.21	52,096.56	2,026.35	4.05%	531,933,090	567,016,759	35,083,669	6.60%
12 Columbia	10,177.50	10,477.29	299.79	2.95%	88,700,975	93,770,848	5,069,873	5.72%
13 Dade	366,507.82	381,116.93	14,609.11	3.99%	3,259,051,883	3,473,241,446	214,189,563	6.57%
14 DeSoto	4,593.66	4,729.66	136.00	2.96%	40,450,681	42,799,550	2,348,869	5.81%
15 Dixie	2,046.85	2,130.30	83.45	4.08%	18,439,565	19,663,827	1,224,262	6.64%
16 Duval	139,614.83	146,804.18	7,189.35	5.15%	1,185,768,854	1,284,051,115	98,282,261	8.29%
17 Escambia	39,079.95	40,246.24	1,166.29	2.98%	333,469,172	353,770,474	20,301,302	6.09%
18 Flagler	14,216.68	14,873.33	656.65	4.62%	122,338,459	131,659,595	9,321,136	7.62%
19 Franklin	1,134.62	1,158.42	23.80	2.10%	12,049,256	12,642,768	593,512	4.93%
20 Gadsden	4,727.37	4,752.59	25.22	0.53%	42,002,387	43,514,409	1,512,022	3.60%
21 Gilchrist	2,974.69	3,136.84	162.15	5.45%	28,256,797	30,544,476	2,287,679	8.10%
22 Glades	1,827.46	1,870.47	43.01	2.35%	17,561,943	18,436,696	874,753	4.98%
23 Gulf	1,884.04	1,898.50	14.46	0.77%	17,922,666	18,694,529	771,863	4.31%
24 Hamilton	1,632.15	1,670.41	38.26	2.34%	14,851,359	15,607,862	756,503	5.09%
25 Hardee	4,714.08	4,669.63	(44.45)	-0.94%	40,330,763	41,048,726	717,963	1.78%
26 Hendry	12,833.43	13,183.13	349.70	2.72%	101,881,948	107,755,506	5,873,558	5.77%
27 Hernando	25,468.09	25,677.23	209.14	0.82%	217,201,490	226,313,625	9,112,135	4.20%
28 Highlands	12,621.41	13,011.65	390.24	3.09%	106,976,791	113,437,064	6,460,273	6.04%
29 Hillsborough	232,409.63	239,843.83	7,434.20	3.20%	1,978,164,293	2,104,701,308	126,537,015	6.40%
30 Holmes	3,086.58	3,116.15	29.57	0.96%	27,814,435	28,789,050	974,615	3.50%
31 Indian River	17,676.44	18,125.63	449.19	2.54%	156,802,320	165,824,352	9,022,032	5.75%
32 Jackson	5,918.64	5,915.37	(3.27)	-0.06%	53,136,402	54,669,683	1,533,281	2.89%
33 Jefferson	794.62	865.75	71.13	8.95%	8,920,118	9,844,491	924,373	10.36%
34 Lafayette	1,157.00	1,159.75	2.75	0.24%	10,855,213	11,193,518	338,305	3.12%
35 Lake	50,173.71	53,148.59	2,974.88	5.93%	420,795,215	457,494,629	36,699,414	8.72%
36 Lee	103,626.36	107,550.54	3,924.18	3.79%	929,595,350	987,552,102	57,956,752	6.23%
37 Leon	33,531.52	34,591.14	1,059.62	3.16%	286,421,838	303,180,200	16,758,362	5.85%
38 Levy	5,722.62	5,885.45	162.83	2.85%	51,823,897	54,837,454	3,013,557	5.81%
39 Liberty	1,302.97	1,278.25	(24.72)	-1.90%	12,422,835	12,528,015	105,180	0.85%
40 Madison	2,270.75	2,300.60	29.85	1.31%	20,207,086	21,021,838	814,752	4.03%
41 Manatee	54,466.04	56,469.75	2,003.71	3.68%	465,265,326	495,264,517	29,999,191	6.45%
42 Marion	47,890.97	50,311.97	2,421.00	5.06%	411,198,007	442,952,037	31,754,030	7.72%
43 Martin	19,005.81	19,731.43	725.62	3.82%	176,168,390	187,580,207	11,411,817	6.48%
44 Monroe	8,656.45	8,886.57	230.12	2.66%	108,506,832	115,524,982	7,018,150	6.47%
45 Nassau	13,423.58	14,056.91	633.33	4.72%	116,855,460	126,254,229	9,398,769	8.04%
46 Okaloosa	33,022.66	33,720.24	697.58	2.11%	285,977,145	300,347,261	14,370,116	5.02%
47 Okeechobee	6,353.00	6,398.95	45.95	0.72%	55,860,735	58,036,620	2,175,885	3.90%
48 Orange	217,183.33	224,565.64	7,382.31	3.40%	1,868,624,175	1,990,185,674	121,561,499	6.51%
49 Osceola	77,329.96	81,059.81	3,729.85	4.82%	643,574,953	691,820,874	48,245,921	7.50%
50 Palm Beach	201,799.89	210,228.91	8,429.02	4.18%	1,869,188,649	1,993,328,226	124,139,577	6.64%
51 Pasco	88,565.23	92,525.72	3,960.49	4.47%	755,490,487	809,686,382	54,195,895	7.17%
52 Pinellas	96,822.96	99,443.08	2,620.12	2.71%	857,589,306	908,492,097	50,902,791	5.94%
53 Polk	120,997.69	127,670.54	6,672.85	5.51%	1,026,658,262	1,110,501,335	83,843,073	8.17%
54 Putnam	10,173.67	10,210.97	37.30	0.37%	88,194,315	91,256,408	3,062,093	3.47%
55 St. Johns	53,033.29	55,612.09	2,578.80	4.86%	459,201,476	495,707,138	36,505,662	7.95%
56 St. Lucie	49,065.99	52,664.29	3,598.30	7.33%	418,792,496	460,213,653	41,421,157	9.89%
57 Santa Rosa	30,279.92	31,656.56	1,376.64	4.55%	262,947,646	282,271,583	19,323,937	7.35%
58 Sarasota	47,175.38	48,660.24	1,484.86	3.15%	459,116,860	485,223,426	26,106,566	5.69%
59 Seminole	69,565.08	72,207.45	2,642.37	3.80%	587,749,484	628,672,767	40,923,283	6.96%
60 Sumter	9,624.33	10,627.14	1,002.81	10.42%	90,924,292	100,771,461	9,847,169	10.83%
61 Suwannee	6,175.97	6,473.82	297.85	4.82%	51,686,240	55,676,906	3,990,666	7.72%
62 Taylor	2,709.99	2,814.79	104.80	3.87%	24,626,363	26,290,056	1,663,693	6.76%
63 Union	2,280.77	2,334.81	54.04	2.37%	20,284,578	21,266,370	981,792	4.84%
64 Volusia	66,477.69	68,886.65	2,408.96	3.62%	565,693,209	603,524,315	37,831,106	6.69%
65 Wakulla	5,205.48	5,399.37	193.89	3.72%	45,702,279	48,754,145	3,051,866	6.68%
66 Walton	12,113.72	12,751.95	638.23	5.27%	126,951,871	137,017,129	10,065,258	7.93%
67 Washington	3,259.69	3,301.91	42.22	1.30%	30,183,484	31,419,101	1,235,617	4.09%
69 FAMU Lab School	557.40	557.40	0.00	0.00%	5,303,575	5,418,610	115,035	2.17%
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	1,324.59	1,324.59	0.00	0.00%	12,903,862	13,140,507	236,645	1.83%
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	1,497.99	0.00	(1,497.99)	-100.00%	12,233,430	0	(12,233,430)	-100.00%
72 FSU Lab - Broward	699.15	699.15	0.00	0.00%	6,173,702	6,355,656	181,954	2.95%
73 FSU Lab - Leon	1,844.24	1,848.82	4.58	0.25%	15,729,199	16,160,215	431,016	2.74%
74 UF Lab School	1,326.51	1,377.51	51.00	3.84%	11,894,442	12,591,742	697,300	5.86%
75 Virtual School	46,902.40	49,949.79	3,047.39	6.50%	289,045,701	315,072,621	26,026,920	9.00%
76 FSU Lab - Bay	96.56	225.00	128.44	133.02%	1,048,248	2,037,588	989,340	94.38%
77 TCC	0.00	300.00	300.00	0.00%	0	2,561,437	2,561,437	0.00%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3,052,092.70</b>	<b>3,170,301.01</b>	<b>118,208.31</b>	<b>3.87%</b>	<b>26,609,917,211</b>	<b>28,401,435,018</b>	<b>1,791,517,807</b>	<b>6.73%</b>

FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

2024-25 FEFP Conference Calculation  
Change in Funds and Funds per Student Compared to the 2023-24 Third Calculation

District	K-12 Total Funding				K-12 Total Funds per Unweighted FTE Student			
	2023-24 Third	2024-25 Conference	Difference	Percentage Difference	2023-24 Third	2024-25 Conference	Difference	Percentage Difference
	-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-	-6-	-7-	-8-
1 Alachua	261,221,210	279,887,923	18,666,713	7.15%	8,527.92	8,774.07	246.15	2.89%
2 Baker	42,465,556	44,392,149	1,926,593	4.54%	8,752.83	9,021.05	268.22	3.06%
3 Bay	245,787,685	261,908,435	16,120,750	6.56%	8,801.19	9,068.41	267.22	3.04%
4 Bradford	27,070,173	29,283,006	2,212,833	8.17%	8,980.38	9,223.26	242.88	2.70%
5 Brevard	671,896,177	725,161,105	53,264,928	7.93%	8,570.48	8,819.00	248.52	2.90%
6 Broward	2,341,165,187	2,487,013,597	145,848,410	6.23%	8,638.20	8,910.14	271.94	3.15%
7 Calhoun	18,914,088	19,414,783	500,695	2.65%	9,400.59	9,687.53	286.94	3.05%
8 Charlotte	156,047,018	165,433,207	9,386,189	6.01%	9,093.99	9,389.56	295.57	3.25%
9 Citrus	138,189,309	147,023,924	8,834,615	6.39%	8,536.72	8,765.54	228.82	2.68%
10 Clay	343,669,248	364,933,699	21,264,451	6.19%	8,552.06	8,806.07	254.01	2.97%
11 Collier	531,933,090	567,016,759	35,083,669	6.60%	10,623.74	10,883.96	260.22	2.45%
12 Columbia	88,700,975	93,770,848	5,069,873	5.72%	8,715.40	8,949.91	234.51	2.69%
13 Dade	3,259,051,883	3,473,241,446	214,189,563	6.57%	8,892.18	9,113.32	221.14	2.49%
14 DeSoto	40,450,681	42,799,550	2,348,869	5.81%	8,805.76	9,049.18	243.42	2.76%
15 Dixie	18,439,565	19,663,827	1,224,262	6.64%	9,008.75	9,230.54	221.79	2.46%
16 Duval	1,185,768,854	1,284,051,115	98,282,261	8.29%	8,493.14	8,746.69	253.55	2.99%
17 Escambia	333,469,172	353,770,474	20,301,302	6.09%	8,533.00	8,790.15	257.15	3.01%
18 Flagler	122,338,459	131,659,595	9,321,136	7.62%	8,605.28	8,852.06	246.78	2.87%
19 Franklin	12,049,256	12,642,768	593,512	4.93%	10,619.64	10,913.80	294.16	2.77%
20 Gadsden	42,002,387	43,514,409	1,512,022	3.60%	8,884.94	9,155.94	271.00	3.05%
21 Gilchrist	28,256,797	30,544,476	2,287,679	8.10%	9,499.07	9,737.34	238.27	2.51%
22 Glades	17,561,943	18,436,696	874,753	4.98%	9,610.03	9,856.72	246.69	2.57%
23 Gulf	17,922,666	18,694,529	771,863	4.31%	9,512.89	9,847.00	334.11	3.51%
24 Hamilton	14,851,359	15,607,862	756,503	5.09%	9,099.26	9,343.73	244.47	2.69%
25 Hardee	40,330,763	41,048,726	717,963	1.78%	8,555.38	8,790.57	235.19	2.75%
26 Hendry	101,881,948	107,755,506	5,873,558	5.77%	7,938.79	8,173.74	234.95	2.96%
27 Hernando	217,201,490	226,313,625	9,112,135	4.20%	8,528.38	8,813.79	285.41	3.35%
28 Highlands	106,976,791	113,437,064	6,460,273	6.04%	8,475.82	8,718.12	242.30	2.86%
29 Hillsborough	1,978,164,293	2,104,701,308	126,537,015	6.40%	8,511.54	8,775.30	263.76	3.10%
30 Holmes	27,814,435	28,789,050	974,615	3.50%	9,011.41	9,238.66	227.25	2.52%
31 Indian River	156,802,320	165,824,352	9,022,032	5.75%	8,870.70	9,148.61	277.91	3.13%
32 Jackson	53,136,402	54,669,683	1,533,281	2.89%	8,977.81	9,241.97	264.16	2.94%
33 Jefferson	8,920,118	9,844,491	924,373	10.36%	11,225.64	11,371.06	145.42	1.30%
34 Lafayette	10,855,213	11,193,518	338,305	3.12%	9,382.21	9,651.66	269.45	2.87%
35 Lake	420,795,215	457,494,629	36,699,414	8.72%	8,368.77	8,607.84	221.07	2.64%
36 Lee	929,595,350	987,552,102	57,956,752	6.23%	8,970.65	9,182.21	211.56	2.36%
37 Leon	286,421,838	303,180,200	16,758,362	5.85%	8,541.87	8,764.68	222.81	2.61%
38 Levy	51,823,897	54,837,454	3,013,557	5.81%	9,055.97	9,317.46	261.49	2.89%
39 Liberty	12,422,835	12,528,015	105,180	0.85%	9,534.24	9,800.91	266.67	2.80%
40 Madison	20,207,086	21,021,838	814,752	4.03%	8,898.86	9,137.55	238.69	2.68%
41 Manatee	465,265,326	495,264,517	29,999,191	6.45%	8,542.30	8,770.44	228.14	2.67%
42 Marion	411,198,007	442,952,037	31,754,030	7.72%	8,586.13	8,804.11	217.98	2.54%
43 Martin	176,168,390	187,580,207	11,411,817	6.48%	9,269.19	9,506.67	237.48	2.56%
44 Monroe	108,506,832	115,524,982	7,018,150	6.47%	12,534.80	12,999.95	465.15	3.71%
45 Nassau	116,855,460	126,254,229	9,398,769	8.04%	8,705.24	8,981.65	276.41	3.18%
46 Okaloosa	285,977,145	300,347,261	14,370,116	5.02%	8,660.03	8,907.03	247.00	2.85%
47 Okeechobee	55,860,735	58,036,620	2,175,885	3.90%	8,792.81	9,069.71	276.90	3.15%
48 Orange	1,868,624,175	1,990,185,674	121,561,499	6.51%	8,603.90	8,862.38	258.48	3.00%
49 Osceola	643,574,953	691,820,874	48,245,921	7.50%	8,322.45	8,534.70	212.25	2.55%
50 Palm Beach	1,869,188,649	1,993,328,226	124,139,577	6.64%	9,262.59	9,481.70	219.11	2.37%
51 Pasco	755,490,487	809,686,382	54,195,895	7.17%	8,530.33	8,750.93	220.60	2.59%
52 Pinellas	857,589,306	908,492,097	50,902,791	5.94%	8,857.29	9,135.80	278.51	3.14%
53 Polk	1,026,658,262	1,110,501,335	83,843,073	8.17%	8,484.94	8,698.18	213.24	2.51%
54 Putnam	88,194,315	91,256,408	3,062,093	3.47%	8,668.88	8,937.09	268.21	3.09%
55 St. Johns	459,201,476	495,707,138	36,505,662	7.95%	8,658.74	8,913.66	254.92	2.94%
56 St. Lucie	418,792,496	460,213,653	41,421,157	9.89%	8,535.29	8,738.63	203.34	2.38%
57 Santa Rosa	262,947,646	282,271,583	19,323,937	7.35%	8,683.90	8,916.69	232.79	2.68%
58 Sarasota	459,116,860	485,223,426	26,106,566	5.69%	9,732.13	9,971.66	239.53	2.46%
59 Seminole	587,749,484	628,672,767	40,923,283	6.96%	8,448.92	8,706.48	257.56	3.05%
60 Sumter	90,924,292	100,771,461	9,847,169	10.83%	9,447.34	9,482.46	35.12	0.37%
61 Suwannee	51,686,240	55,676,906	3,990,666	7.72%	8,368.93	8,600.32	231.39	2.76%
62 Taylor	24,626,363	26,290,056	1,663,693	6.76%	9,087.25	9,339.97	252.72	2.78%
63 Union	20,284,578	21,266,370	981,792	4.84%	8,893.74	9,108.39	214.65	2.41%
64 Volusia	565,693,209	603,524,315	37,831,106	6.69%	8,509.52	8,761.12	251.60	2.96%
65 Wakulla	45,702,279	48,754,145	3,051,866	6.68%	8,779.65	9,029.60	249.95	2.85%
66 Walton	126,951,871	137,017,129	10,065,258	7.93%	10,480.01	10,744.80	264.79	2.53%
67 Washington	30,183,484	31,419,101	1,235,617	4.09%	9,259.62	9,515.43	255.81	2.76%
69 FAMU Lab School	5,303,575	5,418,610	115,035	2.17%	9,514.85	9,721.22	206.37	2.17%
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	12,903,862	13,140,507	236,645	1.83%	9,741.78	9,920.43	178.65	1.83%
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	12,233,430	0	(12,233,430)	-100.00%	8,166.56	0.00	(8,166.56)	-100.00%
72 FSU Lab - Broward	6,173,702	6,355,656	181,954	2.95%	8,830.30	9,090.55	260.25	2.95%
73 FSU Lab - Leon	15,729,199	16,160,215	431,016	2.74%	8,528.82	8,740.83	212.01	2.49%
74 UF Lab School	11,894,442	12,591,742	697,300	5.86%	8,966.72	9,140.94	174.22	1.94%
75 Virtual School	289,045,701	315,072,621	26,026,920	9.00%	6,162.71	6,307.79	145.08	2.35%
76 FSU Lab - Bay	1,048,248	2,037,588	989,340	94.38%	10,855.92	9,055.95	(1,799.97)	-16.58%
77 TCC	0	2,561,437	2,561,437	0.00%	0.00	8,538.12	8,538.12	0.00%
TOTAL	26,609,917,211	28,401,435,018	1,791,517,807	6.73%	8,718.58	8,958.59	240.01	2.75%



FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

2024-25 FEFP Conference Calculation  
Prekindergarten through Grade 12 Funding Summary - Page 1

District	2024-25	2024-25	\$5,330.98	Comparable	1.0277	Base	0.748	DJJ
	Unweighted FTE	Weighted FTE	Funded Times Weighted FTE		Small District Factor		Mills Compression	
	-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-	-6-	-7-	-8-
1 Alachua	31,899.43	34,773.83	185,378,592			185,378,592	7,055,835	139,225
2 Baker	4,920.95	5,299.20	28,249,929		1.0277	29,032,452	2,758,143	0
3 Bay	28,881.41	33,134.14	176,637,438			176,637,438	0	30,728
4 Bradford	3,174.91	3,373.15	17,982,195		1.0277	18,480,302	1,472,206	0
5 Brevard	82,227.16	90,279.27	481,276,983			481,276,983	14,838,713	48,824
6 Broward	279,121.86	309,275.32	1,648,740,545	1.0259		1,691,442,925	0	182,143
7 Calhoun	2,004.10	2,231.00	11,893,416		1.0277	12,222,864	1,153,640	0
8 Charlotte	17,618.84	19,402.95	103,436,738			103,436,738	0	0
9 Citrus	16,772.95	17,981.91	95,861,203			95,861,203	1,734,994	29,791
10 Clay	41,441.17	45,317.13	241,584,714			241,584,714	18,975,912	159,540
11 Collier	52,096.56	57,941.23	308,883,538	1.0485		323,864,390	0	88,015
12 Columbia	10,477.29	11,267.77	60,068,257		1.0277	61,732,148	5,151,893	0
13 Dade	381,116.93	418,981.74	2,233,583,276	1.0222		2,283,168,825	0	135,204
14 DeSoto	4,729.66	5,019.35	26,758,054		1.0277	27,499,252	1,737,582	0
15 Dixie	2,130.30	2,306.49	12,295,852		1.0277	12,636,447	1,118,919	0
16 Duval	146,804.18	159,586.29	850,751,320	1.0091		858,493,157	35,397,424	177,822
17 Escambia	40,246.24	43,747.53	233,217,207			233,217,207	8,912,530	123,447
18 Flagler	14,873.33	16,166.80	86,184,887			86,184,887	0	0
19 Franklin	1,158.42	1,261.40	6,724,498		1.0277	6,910,767	0	0
20 Gadsden	4,752.59	5,104.21	27,210,441		1.0277	27,964,170	2,036,770	0
21 Gilchrist	3,136.84	3,576.95	19,068,649		1.0277	19,596,851	1,560,170	0
22 Glades	1,870.47	2,009.04	10,710,152		1.0277	11,006,823	614,019	0
23 Gulf	1,898.50	2,088.36	11,133,005		1.0277	11,441,389	0	0
24 Hamilton	1,670.41	1,782.96	9,504,924		1.0277	9,768,210	390,425	0
25 Hardee	4,669.63	4,997.23	26,640,133		1.0277	27,378,065	1,712,587	0
26 Hendry	13,183.13	14,257.96	76,008,900		1.0277	78,114,347	7,367,920	0
27 Hernando	25,677.23	28,237.17	150,531,789			150,531,789	6,991,396	18,542
28 Highlands	13,011.65	13,877.58	73,981,101		1.0277	76,030,377	3,917,938	0
29 Hillsborough	239,843.83	265,632.78	1,416,083,038	1.0121		1,433,217,643	63,366,740	204,075
30 Holmes	3,116.15	3,271.22	17,438,808		1.0277	17,921,863	2,037,526	0
31 Indian River	18,125.63	19,864.52	105,897,359			105,897,359	0	0
32 Jackson	5,915.37	6,532.62	34,825,267		1.0277	35,789,927	3,040,737	0
33 Jefferson	865.75	938.00	5,000,459		1.0277	5,138,972	0	0
34 Lafayette	1,159.75	1,295.14	6,904,365		1.0277	7,095,616	662,171	0
35 Lake	53,148.59	57,767.76	307,958,773			307,958,773	12,555,291	0
36 Lee	107,550.54	119,218.24	635,550,053	1.0070		639,998,903	0	128,074
37 Leon	34,591.14	37,262.79	198,647,188			198,647,188	9,227,878	95,566
38 Levy	5,885.45	6,409.52	34,169,023		1.0277	35,115,505	2,209,516	0
39 Liberty	1,278.25	1,455.32	7,758,282		1.0277	7,973,186	756,532	44,432
40 Madison	2,300.60	2,441.74	13,016,867		1.0277	13,377,434	911,889	0
41 Manatee	56,469.75	61,283.45	326,700,846			326,700,846	0	171,644
42 Marion	50,311.97	55,253.31	294,554,291			294,554,291	14,927,561	99,949
43 Martin	19,731.43	22,158.20	118,124,921	1.0068		118,928,170	0	0
44 Monroe	8,886.57	9,752.39	51,989,796	1.0381		53,970,607	0	321
45 Nassau	14,056.91	15,258.21	81,341,212			81,341,212	0	0
46 Okaloosa	33,720.24	37,042.96	197,475,279			197,475,279	4,693,857	32,419
47 Okeechobee	6,398.95	6,830.43	36,412,886		1.0277	37,421,523	994,973	0
48 Orange	224,565.64	254,097.73	1,354,589,917	1.0103		1,368,542,193	12,360,093	165,722
49 Osceola	81,059.81	88,379.46	471,149,134			471,149,134	24,350,367	0
50 Palm Beach	210,228.91	234,891.44	1,252,201,569	1.0408		1,303,291,393	0	118,630
51 Pasco	92,525.72	102,063.60	544,099,010			544,099,010	32,884,566	88,709
52 Pinellas	99,443.08	110,304.92	588,033,322	1.0035		590,091,439	0	133,424
53 Polk	127,670.54	138,449.51	738,071,569			738,071,569	51,192,056	138,724
54 Putnam	10,210.97	10,913.65	58,180,450		1.0277	59,792,048	2,457,883	0
55 St. Johns	55,612.09	62,038.01	330,723,391			330,723,391	2,613,212	0
56 St. Lucie	52,664.29	56,764.62	302,611,054			302,611,054	10,482,300	110,134
57 Santa Rosa	31,656.56	35,406.64	188,752,090			188,752,090	11,396,045	0
58 Sarasota	48,660.24	55,101.33	293,744,088	1.0158		298,385,245	0	0
59 Seminole	72,207.45	78,743.32	419,779,064			419,779,064	16,861,162	0
60 Sumter	10,627.14	11,785.62	62,828,905			62,828,905	0	0
61 Suwannee	6,473.82	6,830.29	36,412,139		1.0277	37,420,755	3,045,868	0
62 Taylor	2,814.79	3,164.63	16,870,579		1.0277	17,337,894	549,757	0
63 Union	2,334.81	2,492.59	13,287,947		1.0277	13,656,023	1,589,982	0
64 Volusia	68,886.65	75,179.45	400,780,144			400,780,144	9,821,170	166,751
65 Wakulla	5,399.37	5,881.69	31,355,172		1.0277	32,223,710	2,552,930	0
66 Walton	12,751.95	13,737.74	73,235,617			73,235,617	0	0
67 Washington	3,301.91	3,721.46	19,839,029		1.0277	20,388,570	1,629,096	0
69 FAMU Lab School	557.40	580.30	3,093,568			3,093,568	148,698	0
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	1,324.59	1,475.15	7,863,995	1.0408		8,184,846	0	0
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	0.00	0.00	0			0	0	0
72 FSU Lab - Broward	699.15	755.67	4,028,462	1.0259		4,132,799	0	0
73 FSU Lab - Leon	1,848.82	1,966.88	10,485,398			10,485,398	493,210	0
74 UF Lab School	1,377.51	1,442.34	7,689,086			7,689,086	304,691	0
75 Virtual School	49,949.79	50,466.09	269,033,716			269,033,716	702,794	0
76 FSU Lab - Bay	225.00	222.58	1,186,570			1,186,570	0	0
77 TCC	300.00	294.91	1,572,159			1,572,159	4,221	0
State	3,170,301.01	3,490,098.18	18,605,643,593			18,837,954,999	425,723,788	2,831,855

FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

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Prekindergarten through Grade 12 Funding Summary - Page 2

District	Educational Enrichment Allocation	ESE Guarantee Allocation	Federally Connected Student Supplement	Mental Health Assistance Allocation	Safe Schools	State-Funded Discretionary Contribution	Student Transportation	Gross State & Local FEFP	Required Local Effort Taxes	Net State FEFP
	-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-	-6-	-7-	-8-	-9-	-10-
1 Alachua	9,231,648	15,359,361	0	1,799,442	3,763,140	0	5,131,336	227,858,579	77,784,850	150,073,729
2 Baker	1,895,066	1,674,947	0	386,026	638,659	0	1,886,957	38,272,250	5,276,604	32,995,646
3 Bay	8,445,715	11,195,662	1,208,663	1,772,684	3,103,231	0	4,684,495	207,078,616	101,801,266	105,277,350
4 Bradford	1,700,736	1,735,156	0	271,367	502,841	0	739,844	24,902,452	4,797,318	20,105,134
5 Brevard	21,778,548	40,046,000	3,314,993	4,529,781	7,504,098	0	12,935,258	586,273,198	220,073,472	366,199,726
6 Broward	61,035,285	113,760,367	0	14,758,713	25,195,142	0	35,249,295	1,941,623,870	957,066,923	984,556,947
7 Calhoun	1,544,357	949,398	0	219,180	406,779	0	479,803	16,976,021	1,941,193	15,034,828
8 Charlotte	3,858,553	7,300,990	0	1,094,518	1,692,911	0	4,346,260	121,729,970	105,691,415	16,038,555
9 Citrus	3,603,424	8,738,131	0	1,039,229	1,712,697	0	5,117,234	117,836,703	50,801,148	67,035,555
10 Clay	10,416,755	22,435,761	456,320	2,455,757	3,402,467	0	9,238,294	309,125,520	60,724,368	248,401,152
11 Collier	11,700,818	26,088,653	0	3,028,956	4,317,502	0	10,485,701	379,574,035	341,553,731	38,020,304
12 Columbia	3,850,049	4,480,447	0	664,113	1,215,671	0	2,602,261	79,696,582	14,616,394	65,080,188
13 Dade	123,587,631	163,779,231	275,600	19,978,966	37,134,693	0	26,492,910	2,654,553,060	1,647,332,273	1,007,220,787
14 DeSoto	2,456,607	2,142,602	0	353,525	666,251	0	895,272	35,751,091	9,014,753	26,736,338
15 Dixie	890,355	1,007,798	0	217,152	426,851	0	531,680	16,829,202	2,638,987	14,190,215
16 Duval	37,970,625	62,376,704	1,072,949	7,835,246	15,166,786	0	23,239,898	1,041,730,611	358,046,712	683,683,899
17 Escambia	10,878,258	16,391,176	1,671,085	2,282,924	4,587,656	0	9,526,573	287,590,856	101,628,828	185,962,028
18 Flagler	3,142,542	7,801,170	0	924,157	1,350,721	0	3,695,004	103,098,481	55,928,564	47,169,917
19 Franklin	242,516	573,155	0	167,619	367,783	0	350,648	8,612,488	7,751,182	861,306
20 Gadsden	1,550,737	1,699,314	0	352,146	619,241	0	2,313,564	36,535,942	7,888,699	28,647,243
21 Gilchrist	2,233,315	1,428,498	0	274,248	459,265	0	659,498	26,211,845	4,308,341	21,903,504
22 Glades	1,626,729	813,127	490,665	205,892	389,653	0	437,624	15,584,532	3,704,488	11,880,044
23 Gulf	376,993	827,110	0	210,109	416,332	0	366,690	13,638,623	12,276,272	1,362,351
24 Hamilton	887,008	585,839	0	192,563	412,681	0	626,020	12,862,746	4,047,697	8,815,049
25 Hardee	1,165,736	1,723,697	0	376,261	657,158	0	1,405,271	34,418,775	8,740,259	25,678,516
26 Hendry	4,032,258	3,457,253	0	861,174	902,281	0	1,839,113	96,574,346	13,840,211	82,734,135
27 Hernando	5,933,300	12,694,773	0	1,497,221	2,274,752	0	6,008,609	185,950,382	57,933,186	128,017,196
28 Highlands	2,833,103	5,392,015	0	817,513	1,432,703	0	3,117,585	93,541,234	28,486,817	65,054,417
29 Hillsborough	62,680,471	90,520,514	1,556,002	13,355,915	18,326,542	0	39,679,170	1,722,907,072	568,580,186	1,154,326,886
30 Holmes	2,594,442	1,179,408	0	282,577	490,486	0	840,560	25,346,862	1,873,148	23,473,714
31 Indian River	3,921,111	7,172,039	0	1,094,339	1,732,136	0	3,309,410	123,126,394	93,686,492	29,439,902
32 Jackson	2,517,053	2,445,071	0	441,664	690,317	0	1,956,132	46,880,901	7,705,264	39,175,637
33 Jefferson	1,405,298	501,438	0	142,983	362,508	0	291,749	7,842,948	3,771,817	4,071,131
34 Lafayette	752,399	536,080	0	167,488	332,209	0	208,993	9,754,956	1,198,800	8,556,156
35 Lake	12,084,826	21,689,917	0	2,993,046	4,579,870	0	9,945,627	371,807,350	132,127,776	239,679,574
36 Lee	39,223,372	37,815,936	148,800	6,173,441	8,768,483	0	30,273,415	762,530,424	453,552,120	308,978,304
37 Leon	10,014,644	19,102,125	0	1,999,050	4,071,912	0	5,480,170	248,638,533	81,795,780	166,842,753
38 Levy	3,285,555	2,726,132	0	424,582	811,657	0	1,590,103	46,162,050	11,060,318	35,102,732
39 Liberty	821,548	583,930	0	176,009	343,657	0	304,506	11,003,800	1,233,088	9,770,712
40 Madison	1,020,194	1,100,791	0	232,082	449,216	0	679,759	17,771,365	4,084,444	13,686,921
41 Manatee	13,928,999	22,580,758	0	3,225,525	5,195,218	0	9,451,101	381,254,091	225,694,436	155,559,655
42 Marion	14,512,154	19,883,202	0	2,861,325	4,654,628	0	13,616,820	365,109,930	109,813,618	255,296,312
43 Martin	4,524,447	8,072,107	0	1,173,328	1,826,074	0	3,406,658	137,958,784	113,908,630	24,050,154
44 Monroe	1,923,434	4,014,884	995,429	609,196	1,048,089	0	1,303,690	63,865,650	57,492,084	6,373,566
45 Nassau	5,346,384	5,043,368	0	880,167	1,319,432	0	4,187,331	98,117,894	55,778,460	42,339,434
46 Okaloosa	9,003,736	14,974,016	3,222,948	2,005,356	2,998,669	0	8,544,933	242,951,213	98,170,363	144,780,850
47 Okeechobee	1,970,011	3,715,629	0	469,725	889,195	0	1,963,817	47,424,873	17,987,736	29,437,137
48 Orange	53,765,893	68,923,645	0	12,326,430	21,003,900	0	34,324,492	1,571,412,368	751,126,732	820,285,636
49 Osceola	19,354,334	25,468,715	0	4,559,583	6,380,252	0	16,158,708	567,421,093	177,381,479	390,039,614
50 Palm Beach	46,163,704	88,115,845	22,880	11,441,151	19,042,026	0	34,225,655	1,502,421,284	1,042,614,871	459,806,413
51 Pasco	25,141,961	37,447,269	0	5,284,183	7,399,475	0	21,325,317	673,670,490	180,072,839	493,597,651
52 Pinellas	23,635,837	45,449,160	0	5,249,078	10,071,606	0	13,566,804	688,197,348	443,689,878	244,507,470
53 Polk	34,088,632	50,434,717	0	7,132,797	10,192,630	0	34,226,989	925,478,114	221,558,205	703,919,909
54 Putnam	2,925,031	5,164,608	0	686,635	1,172,429	0	2,855,186	75,053,820	24,484,188	50,569,632
55 St. Johns	12,460,805	25,230,595	0	3,180,010	4,045,463	0	16,334,702	394,588,178	177,503,674	217,084,504
56 St. Lucie	15,760,182	23,785,839	0	3,005,598	4,253,167	0	13,544,158	373,552,432	132,963,576	240,588,856
57 Santa Rosa	8,727,841	11,706,387	1,496,165	1,884,917	2,507,286	0	8,889,563	235,360,294	62,239,750	173,120,544
58 Sarasota	9,843,000	24,069,995	0	2,815,276	4,655,532	0	9,716,767	349,485,815	314,584,232	34,901,583
59 Seminole	16,812,334	32,962,978	0	3,937,557	5,787,910	0	14,712,070	510,853,075	174,870,212	335,982,863
60 Sumter	2,147,401	4,158,734	0	717,103	1,157,006	0	1,583,416	72,592,565	65,335,532	7,257,033
61 Suwannee	1,319,648	2,528,315	0	451,950	800,277	0	1,377,858	46,944,671	9,633,482	37,311,189
62 Taylor	850,758	1,194,531	0	252,369	547,771	0	756,880	21,489,960	7,428,839	14,061,121
63 Union	1,044,734	1,081,228	0	235,041	422,461	0	605,010	18,634,479	1,351,804	17,282,675
64 Volusia	17,964,932	32,567,098	0	3,852,117	6,382,556	0	14,356,921	485,891,689	193,432,502	292,459,187
65 Wakulla	1,000,488	2,561,710	0	410,436	683,877	0	2,001,995	41,435,146	7,903,940	33,531,206
66 Walton	2,592,154	5,594,663	0	815,219	1,212,079	0	3,604,604	87,054,336	78,341,126	8,713,210
67 Washington	1,756,596	1,321,529	0	286,974	506,818	0	980,313	26,869,896	4,516,141	22,353,755
69 FAMU Lab School	860,185	62,676	0	133,685	286,576	304,575	0	4,889,963	0	4,889,963
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	1,451,314	149,967	0	180,049	336,919	1,557,943	0	11,861,038	0	11,861,038
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
72 FSU Lab - Broward	196,860	292,222	0	142,252	295,878	569,437	0	5,629,448	0	5,629,448
73 FSU Lab - Leon	1,495,122	349,347	0	211,729	371,319	1,010,232	0	14,416,357	0	14,416,357
74 UF Lab School	1,519,480	460,698	0	183,247	340,094	815,486	0	11,312,782	0	11,312,782
75 Virtual School	0	2,301,628	0	3,118,607	0	39,915,876	0	315,072,621	0	315,072,621
76 FSU Lab - Bay	62,087	20,563	0	113,597	264,764	187,432	0	1,835,013	0	1,835,013
77 TC	80,178	8,924	0	118,130	269,686	239,736	0	2,293,034	0	2,293,034
State	833,448,236	1,293,529,266	15,932,499	180,000,000	290,000,000	44,600,717	556,584,049	22,480,605,409	10,376,243,513	12,104,361,896

FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

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 Prekindergarten through Grade 12 Funding Summary - Page 3

District	Net State FEFP	Class Size Reduction Allocation	State-Funded Discretionary Supplement	Total State Funding	Required Local Effort Taxes	0.748 Discretionary Local Effort	Total Local Funding	Total State and Local Funding
	-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-	-6-	-7-	-8-
1 Alachua	150,073,729	26,763,065	6,381,804	183,218,598	77,784,850	18,884,475	96,669,325	279,887,923
2 Baker	32,995,646	4,565,890	310,499	37,872,035	5,276,604	1,243,510	6,520,114	44,392,149
3 Bay	105,277,350	28,342,094	2,428,532	136,047,976	101,801,266	24,059,193	125,860,459	261,908,435
4 Bradford	20,105,134	2,701,682	569,288	23,376,104	4,797,318	1,109,584	5,906,902	29,283,006
5 Brevard	366,199,726	70,839,680	16,020,744	453,060,150	220,073,472	52,027,483	272,100,955	725,161,105
6 Broward	984,556,947	245,704,783	72,347,358	1,302,609,088	957,066,923	227,337,586	1,184,404,509	2,487,013,597
7 Calhoun	15,034,828	1,912,436	50,256	16,997,520	1,941,193	476,070	2,417,263	19,414,783
8 Charlotte	16,038,555	15,993,125	2,919,526	34,951,206	105,691,415	24,790,586	130,482,001	165,433,207
9 Citrus	67,035,555	15,007,464	2,275,227	84,318,246	50,801,148	11,904,530	62,705,678	147,023,924
10 Clay	248,401,152	37,433,038	3,651,696	289,485,886	60,724,368	14,723,445	75,447,813	364,933,699
11 Collier	38,020,304	50,538,508	12,460,869	101,019,681	341,553,731	124,443,347	465,997,078	567,016,759
12 Columbia	65,080,188	9,115,473	1,590,628	75,786,289	14,616,394	3,368,165	17,984,559	93,770,848
13 Dade	1,007,220,787	331,056,126	106,969,752	1,445,246,665	1,647,332,273	380,662,508	2,027,994,781	3,473,241,446
14 DeSoto	26,736,338	4,042,678	897,265	31,676,281	9,014,753	2,108,516	11,123,269	42,799,550
15 Dixie	14,190,215	1,889,955	331,257	16,411,427	2,638,987	613,413	3,252,400	19,663,827
16 Duval	683,683,899	125,821,151	32,517,246	842,022,296	358,046,712	83,982,107	442,028,819	1,284,051,115
17 Escambia	185,962,028	34,992,092	7,372,249	228,326,369	101,628,828	23,815,277	125,444,105	353,770,474
18 Flagler	47,169,917	13,229,145	2,339,868	62,738,930	55,928,564	12,992,101	68,920,665	131,659,595
19 Franklin	861,306	1,074,956	133,969	2,070,231	7,751,182	2,821,355	10,572,537	12,642,768
20 Gadsden	28,647,243	4,103,608	1,046,870	33,797,721	7,888,699	1,827,989	9,716,688	43,514,409
21 Gilchrist	21,903,504	2,913,770	428,194	25,245,468	4,308,341	990,667	5,299,008	30,544,476
22 Glades	11,880,044	1,708,281	236,859	13,825,184	3,704,488	907,024	4,611,512	18,436,696
23 Gulf	1,362,351	1,819,313	234,746	3,416,410	12,276,272	3,001,847	15,278,119	18,694,529
24 Hamilton	8,815,049	1,480,867	296,321	10,592,237	4,047,697	967,928	5,015,625	15,607,862
25 Hardee	25,678,516	4,379,281	165,940	30,223,737	8,740,259	2,084,730	10,824,989	41,048,726
26 Hendry	82,734,135	7,283,636	545,038	90,562,809	13,840,211	3,352,486	17,192,697	107,755,506
27 Hernando	128,017,196	22,268,584	4,205,549	154,491,329	57,933,186	13,889,110	71,822,296	226,313,625
28 Highlands	65,054,417	11,273,937	1,958,935	78,287,289	28,486,817	6,662,958	35,149,775	113,437,064
29 Hillsborough	1,154,326,886	215,442,461	34,680,574	1,404,449,921	568,580,186	131,671,201	700,251,387	2,104,701,308
30 Holmes	23,473,714	2,816,126	129,565	26,419,405	1,873,148	496,497	2,369,645	28,789,050
31 Indian River	29,439,902	16,238,991	3,875,178	49,554,071	93,686,492	22,583,789	116,270,281	165,824,352
32 Jackson	39,175,637	5,580,137	439,060	45,194,834	7,705,264	1,769,585	9,474,849	54,669,683
33 Jefferson	4,071,131	678,043	437,964	5,187,138	3,771,817	885,536	4,657,353	9,844,491
34 Lafayette	8,556,156	1,081,091	76,549	9,713,796	1,198,800	280,922	1,479,722	11,193,518
35 Lake	239,679,574	46,141,408	8,881,404	294,702,386	132,127,776	30,664,467	162,792,243	457,494,629
36 Lee	308,978,304	100,724,244	15,700,447	425,402,995	453,552,120	108,596,987	562,149,107	987,552,102
37 Leon	166,842,753	30,283,247	5,357,202	202,483,202	81,795,780	18,901,218	100,696,998	303,180,200
38 Levy	35,102,732	5,178,376	919,535	41,200,643	11,060,318	2,576,493	13,636,811	54,837,454
39 Liberty	9,770,712	1,203,623	37,663	11,011,998	1,233,088	282,929	1,516,017	12,528,015
40 Madison	13,686,921	2,091,624	199,915	15,978,460	4,084,444	958,934	5,043,378	21,021,838
41 Manatee	155,559,655	50,400,319	9,828,827	215,788,801	225,694,436	53,781,280	279,475,716	495,264,517
42 Marion	255,296,312	44,552,166	7,304,308	307,152,786	109,813,618	25,985,633	135,799,251	442,952,037
43 Martin	24,050,154	17,769,372	4,999,339	46,818,865	113,908,630	26,852,712	140,761,342	187,580,207
44 Monroe	6,373,566	8,633,322	2,570,621	17,577,509	57,492,084	40,455,389	97,947,473	115,524,982
45 Nassau	42,339,434	12,492,775	2,535,710	57,367,919	55,778,460	13,107,850	68,886,310	126,254,229
46 Okaloosa	144,780,850	30,454,576	4,214,319	179,449,745	98,170,363	22,727,153	120,897,516	300,347,261
47 Okeechobee	29,437,137	5,863,462	539,706	35,840,305	17,987,736	4,208,579	22,196,315	58,036,620
48 Orange	820,285,636	205,140,881	43,377,032	1,068,803,549	751,126,732	170,255,393	921,382,125	1,990,185,674
49 Osceola	390,039,614	70,778,482	12,054,461	472,872,557	177,381,479	41,566,838	218,948,317	691,820,874
50 Palm Beach	459,806,413	192,298,028	51,343,244	703,447,685	1,042,614,871	247,265,670	1,289,880,541	1,993,328,226
51 Pasco	493,597,651	83,012,555	10,646,581	587,256,787	180,072,839	42,356,756	222,429,595	809,686,382
52 Pinellas	244,507,470	84,024,821	31,674,899	360,207,190	443,689,878	104,595,029	548,284,907	908,492,097
53 Polk	703,919,909	114,866,630	17,528,602	836,315,141	221,558,205	52,627,989	274,186,194	1,110,501,335
54 Putnam	50,569,632	9,369,476	987,542	60,926,650	24,484,188	5,845,570	30,329,758	91,256,408
55 St. Johns	217,084,504	49,171,442	9,337,522	275,593,468	177,503,674	42,609,996	220,113,670	495,707,138
56 St. Lucie	240,588,856	45,985,094	8,332,467	294,906,417	132,963,576	32,343,660	165,307,236	460,213,653
57 Santa Rosa	173,120,544	29,297,311	3,267,188	205,685,043	62,239,750	14,346,790	76,586,540	282,271,583
58 Sarasota	34,901,583	45,543,367	9,993,492	90,438,442	314,584,232	80,200,752	394,784,984	485,223,426
59 Seminole	335,982,863	60,509,687	15,453,071	411,945,621	174,870,212	41,856,934	216,727,146	628,672,767
60 Sumter	7,257,033	9,896,810	1,080,052	18,233,895	65,335,532	17,202,034	82,537,566	100,771,461
61 Suwannee	37,311,189	5,476,579	1,037,108	43,824,876	9,633,482	2,218,548	11,852,030	55,676,906
62 Taylor	14,061,121	2,461,081	599,806	17,122,008	7,428,839	1,739,209	9,168,048	26,290,056
63 Union	17,282,675	2,159,592	163,645	19,605,912	1,351,804	308,654	2,166,370	21,266,370
64 Volusia	292,459,187	59,879,349	11,556,753	363,895,289	193,432,502	46,196,524	239,629,026	603,524,315
65 Wakulla	33,531,206	5,053,685	427,531	39,102,422	7,903,940	1,837,783	9,741,723	48,754,145
66 Walton	8,713,210	11,362,079	3,406,022	23,481,311	78,341,126	35,194,692	113,535,818	137,017,129
67 Washington	22,353,755	3,104,313	388,914	25,846,982	4,516,141	1,055,978	5,572,119	31,419,101
69 FAMU Lab School	4,889,963	528,647	0	5,418,610	0	0	0	5,418,610
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	11,861,038	1,279,469	0	13,140,507	0	0	0	13,140,507
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
72 FSU Lab - Broward	5,629,448	726,208	0	6,355,656	0	0	0	6,355,656
73 FSU Lab - Leon	14,416,357	1,743,858	0	16,160,215	0	0	0	16,160,215
74 UF Lab School	11,312,782	1,278,960	0	12,591,742	0	0	0	12,591,742
75 Virtual School	315,072,621	0	0	315,072,621	0	0	0	315,072,621
76 FSU Lab - Bay	1,835,013	202,575	0	2,037,588	0	0	0	2,037,588
77 TCC	2,293,034	268,403	0	2,561,437	0	0	0	2,561,437
State	12,104,361,896	2,771,299,363	616,070,303	15,491,731,562	10,376,243,513	2,533,459,943	12,909,703,456	28,401,435,018

FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

2024-25 FEFP Conference Calculation  
Prekindergarten through Grade 12 Funding Summary - Page 4

District	FES Scholarship Funding	State-Funded Discretionary Supplement	Adjusted FES Funding	Adjusted Net State FEFP	Adjusted Total Funding
-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-	
1 Alachua	32,675,614	6,381,804	26,293,810	123,779,919	253,594,113
2 Baker	1,928,802	310,499	1,618,303	31,377,343	42,773,846
3 Bay	11,849,633	2,428,532	9,421,101	95,856,249	252,487,334
4 Bradford	3,103,015	569,288	2,533,727	17,571,407	26,749,279
5 Brevard	81,413,806	16,020,744	65,393,062	300,806,664	659,768,043
6 Broward	312,707,557	72,347,358	240,360,199	744,196,748	2,246,653,398
7 Calhoun	388,227	50,256	337,971	14,696,857	19,076,812
8 Charlotte	10,752,690	2,919,526	7,833,164	8,205,391	157,600,043
9 Citrus	10,644,292	2,275,227	8,369,065	58,666,490	138,654,859
10 Clay	22,089,114	3,651,696	18,437,418	229,963,734	346,496,281
11 Collier	37,694,565	12,460,869	25,233,696	12,786,608	541,783,063
12 Columbia	10,091,662	1,590,628	8,501,034	56,579,154	85,269,814
13 Dade	462,471,850	106,969,752	355,502,098	651,718,689	3,117,739,348
14 DeSoto	4,860,826	897,265	3,963,561	22,772,777	38,835,989
15 Dixie	1,769,540	331,257	1,438,283	12,751,932	18,225,544
16 Duval	161,128,854	32,517,246	128,611,608	555,072,291	1,155,439,507
17 Escambia	34,557,976	7,372,249	27,185,727	158,776,301	326,584,747
18 Flagler	10,822,520	2,339,868	8,482,652	38,687,265	123,176,943
19 Franklin	432,802	133,969	298,833	562,473	12,343,935
20 Gadsden	5,217,985	1,046,870	4,171,115	24,476,128	39,343,294
21 Gilchrist	2,476,215	428,194	2,048,021	19,855,483	28,496,455
22 Glades	1,103,100	236,859	866,241	11,013,803	17,570,455
23 Gulf	734,746	234,746	500,000	862,351	18,194,529
24 Hamilton	1,298,343	296,321	1,002,022	7,813,027	14,605,840
25 Hardee	927,616	165,940	761,676	24,916,840	40,287,050
26 Hendry	4,664,708	545,038	4,119,670	78,614,465	103,635,836
27 Hernando	23,638,357	4,205,549	19,432,808	108,584,388	206,880,817
28 Highlands	9,639,325	1,958,935	7,680,390	57,374,027	105,756,674
29 Hillsborough	175,949,341	34,680,574	141,268,767	1,013,058,119	1,963,432,541
30 Holmes	895,009	129,565	765,444	22,708,270	28,023,606
31 Indian River	14,810,796	3,875,178	10,935,618	18,504,284	154,888,734
32 Jackson	2,400,515	439,060	1,961,455	37,214,182	52,708,228
33 Jefferson	1,663,562	437,964	1,225,598	2,845,533	8,618,893
34 Lafayette	409,121	76,549	332,572	8,223,584	10,860,946
35 Lake	46,349,969	8,881,404	37,468,565	202,211,009	420,026,064
36 Lee	63,306,877	15,700,447	47,606,430	261,371,874	939,945,672
37 Leon	28,209,176	5,357,202	22,851,974	143,990,779	280,328,226
38 Levy	4,744,641	919,535	3,825,106	31,277,626	51,012,348
39 Liberty	443,894	37,663	406,231	9,364,481	12,121,784
40 Madison	1,016,951	199,915	817,036	12,869,885	20,204,802
41 Manatee	42,502,829	9,828,827	32,674,002	122,885,653	462,590,515
42 Marion	39,424,615	7,304,308	32,120,307	223,176,005	410,831,730
43 Martin	18,645,776	4,999,339	13,646,437	10,403,717	173,933,770
44 Monroe	5,758,361	2,570,621	3,187,740	3,185,826	112,337,242
45 Nassau	10,283,807	2,535,710	7,748,097	34,591,337	118,506,132
46 Okaloosa	20,138,322	4,214,319	15,924,003	128,856,847	284,423,258
47 Okeechobee	2,554,089	539,706	2,014,383	27,422,754	56,022,237
48 Orange	195,506,000	43,377,032	152,128,968	668,156,668	1,838,056,706
49 Osceola	62,916,468	12,054,461	50,862,007	339,177,607	640,958,867
50 Palm Beach	202,821,791	51,343,244	151,478,547	308,327,866	1,841,849,679
51 Pasco	61,823,560	10,646,581	51,176,979	442,420,672	758,509,403
52 Pinellas	124,056,023	31,674,899	92,381,124	152,126,346	816,110,973
53 Polk	97,149,862	17,528,602	79,621,260	624,298,649	1,030,880,075
54 Putnam	4,481,905	987,542	3,494,363	47,075,269	87,762,045
55 St. Johns	42,672,384	9,337,522	33,334,862	183,749,642	462,372,276
56 St. Lucie	41,207,525	8,332,467	32,875,058	207,713,798	427,338,595
57 Santa Rosa	18,267,740	3,267,188	15,000,552	158,119,992	267,271,031
58 Sarasota	35,521,467	9,993,492	25,527,975	9,373,608	459,695,451
59 Seminole	77,359,312	15,453,071	61,906,241	274,076,622	566,766,526
60 Sumter	4,362,167	1,080,052	3,282,115	3,974,918	97,489,346
61 Suwannee	5,554,619	1,037,108	4,517,511	32,793,678	51,159,395
62 Taylor	2,546,162	599,806	1,946,356	12,114,765	24,343,700
63 Union	952,315	163,645	788,670	16,494,005	20,477,700
64 Volusia	58,565,882	11,556,753	47,009,129	245,450,058	556,515,186
65 Wakulla	2,319,467	427,531	1,891,936	31,639,270	46,862,209
66 Walton	9,676,184	3,406,022	6,270,162	2,443,048	130,746,967
67 Washington	1,924,087	388,914	1,535,173	20,818,582	29,883,928
69 FAMU Lab School	0	0	0	4,889,963	5,418,610
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	0	0	0	11,861,038	13,140,507
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	0	0	0	0	0
72 FSU Lab - Broward	0	0	0	5,629,448	6,355,656
73 FSU Lab - Leon	0	0	0	14,416,357	16,160,215
74 UF Lab School	0	0	0	11,312,782	12,591,742
75 Virtual School	0	0	0	315,072,621	315,072,621
76 FSU Lab - Bay	0	0	0	1,835,013	2,037,588
77 TCC	0	0	0	2,293,034	2,561,437

State 2,790,276,311 616,070,303 2,174,206,008 9,930,155,888 26,227,229,010

FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

2024-25 FEFP Conference Calculation  
Family Empowerment Scholarship (FES) Award Amounts

District	FES - Educational Options (EO)			FES - Unique Abilities (UA)				
	101	102	103	111	112	113	254	255
	-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-	-6-	-7-	-8-
1 Alachua	8,147	7,518	7,401	10,203	9,574	9,457	21,896	34,130
2 Baker	8,722	8,076	7,955	10,778	10,132	10,011	22,852	35,425
3 Bay	8,255	7,626	7,509	10,311	9,682	9,565	22,004	34,238
4 Bradford	8,815	8,169	8,048	10,871	10,225	10,104	22,945	35,518
5 Brevard	8,202	7,573	7,456	10,258	9,629	9,512	21,951	34,185
6 Broward	8,310	7,665	7,545	10,435	9,790	9,670	22,415	34,966
7 Calhoun	9,062	8,416	8,295	11,118	10,472	10,351	23,192	35,765
8 Charlotte	8,693	8,064	7,947	10,749	10,120	10,003	22,442	34,676
9 Citrus	8,127	7,498	7,381	10,793	10,164	10,047	21,876	34,110
10 Clay	8,159	7,530	7,413	10,215	9,586	9,469	21,908	34,142
11 Collier	9,908	9,249	9,126	12,604	11,945	11,822	24,324	37,151
12 Columbia	8,378	7,732	7,611	10,615	9,969	9,848	22,508	35,081
13 Dade	8,467	7,824	7,705	10,523	9,880	9,761	22,522	35,027
14 DeSoto	8,692	8,046	7,925	11,334	10,688	10,567	22,822	35,395
15 Dixie	8,799	8,153	8,032	10,855	10,209	10,088	22,929	35,502
16 Duval	8,246	7,612	7,493	10,302	9,668	9,549	22,120	34,466
17 Escambia	8,230	7,601	7,484	10,286	9,657	9,540	21,979	34,213
18 Flagler	8,067	7,438	7,321	10,827	10,198	10,081	21,816	34,050
19 Franklin	9,733	9,087	8,966	11,789	11,143	11,022	23,863	36,436
20 Gadsden	8,640	7,994	7,873	10,696	10,050	9,929	22,770	35,343
21 Gilchrist	9,034	8,388	8,267	11,090	10,444	10,323	23,164	35,737
22 Glades	9,326	8,680	8,559	11,382	10,736	10,615	23,456	36,029
23 Gulf	9,394	8,748	8,627	11,450	10,804	10,683	23,524	36,097
24 Hamilton	9,027	8,381	8,260	11,574	10,928	10,807	23,157	35,730
25 Hardee	8,433	7,787	7,666	10,839	10,193	10,072	22,563	35,136
26 Hendry	8,116	7,470	7,349	10,172	9,526	9,405	22,246	34,819
27 Hernando	8,112	7,483	7,366	10,581	9,952	9,835	21,861	34,095
28 Highlands	8,368	7,722	7,601	10,424	9,778	9,657	22,498	35,071
29 Hillsborough	8,251	7,615	7,496	10,307	9,671	9,552	22,166	34,549
30 Holmes	8,999	8,353	8,232	11,180	10,534	10,413	23,129	35,702
31 Indian River	8,495	7,866	7,749	10,551	9,922	9,805	22,244	34,478
32 Jackson	8,745	8,099	7,978	10,892	10,246	10,125	22,875	35,448
33 Jefferson	10,224	9,578	9,457	12,806	12,160	12,039	24,354	36,927
34 Lafayette	9,126	8,480	8,359	11,182	10,536	10,415	23,256	35,829
35 Lake	8,109	7,480	7,363	10,165	9,536	9,419	21,858	34,092
36 Lee	8,596	7,962	7,844	11,173	10,539	10,421	22,441	34,761
37 Leon	8,201	7,572	7,455	10,762	10,133	10,016	21,950	34,184
38 Levy	8,848	8,202	8,081	10,904	10,258	10,137	22,978	35,551
39 Liberty	9,200	8,554	8,433	11,256	10,610	10,489	23,330	35,903
40 Madison	8,684	8,038	7,917	10,983	10,337	10,216	22,814	35,387
41 Manatee	8,276	7,647	7,530	10,337	9,708	9,591	22,025	34,259
42 Marion	8,131	7,502	7,385	10,187	9,558	9,441	21,880	34,114
43 Martin	8,769	8,135	8,017	10,825	10,191	10,073	22,611	34,928
44 Monroe	11,983	11,330	11,209	14,039	13,386	13,265	26,256	38,956
45 Nassau	8,553	7,924	7,807	10,609	9,980	9,863	22,302	34,536
46 Okaloosa	8,294	7,665	7,548	10,548	9,919	9,802	22,043	34,277
47 Okeechobee	8,511	7,865	7,744	10,567	9,921	9,800	22,641	35,214
48 Orange	8,264	7,629	7,511	10,320	9,685	9,567	22,155	34,515
49 Osceola	8,164	7,535	7,418	10,220	9,591	9,474	21,913	34,147
50 Palm Beach	8,698	8,044	7,922	10,754	10,100	9,978	23,008	35,741
51 Pasco	8,157	7,528	7,411	10,289	9,660	9,543	21,906	34,140
52 Pinellas	8,440	7,809	7,691	10,496	9,865	9,747	22,237	34,514
53 Polk	8,164	7,535	7,418	10,243	9,614	9,497	21,913	34,147
54 Putnam	8,614	7,968	7,847	10,670	10,024	9,903	22,744	35,317
55 St. Johns	8,244	7,615	7,498	10,300	9,671	9,554	21,993	34,227
56 St. Lucie	8,278	7,649	7,532	11,010	10,381	10,264	22,027	34,261
57 Santa Rosa	8,138	7,509	7,392	10,298	9,669	9,552	21,887	34,121
58 Sarasota	8,936	8,297	8,178	11,233	10,594	10,475	22,902	35,330
59 Seminole	8,205	7,576	7,459	10,261	9,632	9,515	21,954	34,188
60 Sumter	8,761	8,132	8,015	10,869	10,240	10,123	22,510	34,744
61 Suwannee	8,399	7,753	7,632	10,455	9,809	9,688	22,529	35,102
62 Taylor	8,667	8,021	7,900	10,723	10,077	9,956	22,797	35,370
63 Union	8,885	8,239	8,118	10,941	10,295	10,174	23,015	35,588
64 Volusia	8,067	7,438	7,321	10,123	9,494	9,377	21,816	34,050
65 Wakulla	8,412	7,766	7,645	10,468	9,822	9,701	22,542	35,115
66 Walton	9,878	9,249	9,132	12,091	11,462	11,345	23,627	35,861
67 Washington	9,026	8,380	8,259	11,082	10,436	10,315	23,156	35,729
69 FAMU Lab School	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
72 FSU Lab - Broward	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
73 FSU Lab - Leon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
74 UF Lab School	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
75 Virtual School	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
76 FSU Lab - Bay	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
77 TCC	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

2024-25 FEFP Conference Calculation  
Family Empowerment Scholarship (FES) Funding

District	FES - Educational Options (EO)		FES - Unique Abilities (UA)		Total	
	UFTE	Funds	UFTE	Funds	UFTE	Funds
	-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-	-6-
1 Alachua	2,409.00	18,724,331	1,369.25	13,951,283	3,778.25	32,675,614
2 Baker	78.75	643,529	109.25	1,285,273	188.00	1,928,802
3 Bay	679.25	5,332,533	523.75	6,517,100	1,203.00	11,849,633
4 Bradford	207.25	1,742,277	132.00	1,360,738	339.25	3,103,015
5 Brevard	4,905.25	38,154,297	4,021.00	43,259,509	8,926.25	81,413,806
6 Broward	27,427.00	214,932,563	9,132.75	97,774,994	36,559.75	312,707,557
7 Calhoun	9.25	78,979	22.75	309,248	32.00	388,227
8 Charlotte	798.75	6,621,942	363.50	4,130,748	1,162.25	10,752,690
9 Citrus	834.00	6,469,891	397.25	4,174,401	1,231.25	10,644,292
10 Clay	1,422.75	10,959,720	1,037.00	11,129,394	2,459.75	22,089,114
11 Collier	2,660.00	25,076,517	970.25	12,618,048	3,630.25	37,694,565
12 Columbia	742.50	5,884,353	400.25	4,207,309	1,142.75	10,091,662
13 Dade	36,780.50	295,002,426	15,393.25	167,469,424	52,173.75	462,471,850
14 DeSoto	391.25	3,244,449	143.25	1,616,377	534.50	4,860,826
15 Dixie	118.50	984,920	73.25	784,620	191.75	1,769,540
16 Duval	13,198.50	102,792,852	5,608.25	58,336,002	18,806.75	161,128,854
17 Escambia	3,143.25	24,412,221	981.50	10,145,755	4,124.75	34,557,976
18 Flagler	789.50	6,064,760	446.25	4,757,760	1,235.75	10,822,520
19 Franklin	27.00	249,731	12.50	183,071	39.50	432,802
20 Gadsden	400.50	3,272,016	179.75	1,945,969	580.25	5,217,985
21 Gilchrist	144.00	1,234,463	109.50	1,241,752	253.50	2,476,215
22 Glades	90.50	798,210	27.75	304,890	118.25	1,103,100
23 Gulf	70.75	639,715	5.75	95,031	76.50	734,746
24 Hamilton	99.25	846,141	39.50	452,202	138.75	1,298,343
25 Hardee	47.00	379,890	51.25	547,726	98.25	927,616
26 Hendry	512.50	3,894,093	75.25	770,615	587.75	4,664,708
27 Hernando	1,415.25	10,915,548	1,141.75	12,722,809	2,557.00	23,638,357
28 Highlands	865.75	6,896,377	273.00	2,742,948	1,138.75	9,639,325
29 Hillsborough	14,978.50	116,759,371	5,515.75	59,189,970	20,494.25	175,949,341
30 Holmes	56.50	483,160	38.50	411,849	95.00	895,009
31 Indian River	1,164.25	9,395,543	507.75	5,415,253	1,672.00	14,810,796
32 Jackson	209.25	1,760,532	52.50	639,983	261.75	2,400,515
33 Jefferson	97.00	938,397	57.50	725,165	154.50	1,663,562
34 Lafayette	25.75	222,035	17.25	187,086	43.00	409,121
35 Lake	3,011.75	23,161,332	2,264.75	23,188,637	5,276.50	46,349,969
36 Lee	5,069.75	41,370,233	1,981.75	21,936,644	7,051.50	63,306,877
37 Leon	1,914.50	14,888,445	1,252.50	13,320,731	3,167.00	28,209,176
38 Levy	337.25	2,824,699	177.25	1,919,942	514.50	4,744,641
39 Liberty	0.00	0	20.50	443,894	20.50	443,894
40 Madison	88.50	739,547	26.50	277,404	115.00	1,016,951
41 Manatee	2,803.50	21,892,328	1,947.25	20,610,501	4,750.75	42,502,829
42 Marion	3,070.25	23,691,132	1,549.25	15,733,483	4,619.50	39,424,615
43 Martin	1,249.75	10,477,708	721.00	8,168,068	1,970.75	18,645,776
44 Monroe	290.25	3,372,055	170.50	2,386,306	460.75	5,758,361
45 Nassau	751.25	6,152,955	396.00	4,130,852	1,147.25	10,283,807
46 Okaloosa	1,239.50	9,870,213	952.25	10,268,109	2,191.75	20,138,322
47 Okeechobee	183.75	1,498,926	97.25	1,055,163	281.00	2,554,089
48 Orange	15,992.25	125,364,108	6,259.00	70,141,892	22,251.25	195,506,000
49 Osceola	4,882.00	37,648,143	2,383.75	25,268,325	7,265.75	62,916,468
50 Palm Beach	15,757.25	129,597,791	6,806.25	73,224,000	22,563.50	202,821,791
51 Pasco	3,769.50	29,157,917	2,972.00	32,665,643	6,741.50	61,823,560
52 Pinellas	10,391.50	83,024,078	3,848.25	41,031,945	14,239.75	124,056,023
53 Polk	7,330.25	56,660,135	3,966.50	40,489,727	11,296.75	97,149,862
54 Putnam	327.75	2,698,345	176.00	1,783,560	503.75	4,481,905
55 St. Johns	2,911.00	22,743,147	1,735.25	19,929,237	4,646.25	42,672,384
56 St. Lucie	2,951.50	23,242,636	1,633.00	17,964,889	4,584.50	41,207,525
57 Santa Rosa	1,494.00	11,595,089	627.00	6,672,651	2,121.00	18,267,740
58 Sarasota	2,599.50	22,073,875	1,130.25	13,447,592	3,729.75	35,521,467
59 Seminole	5,333.75	41,527,618	3,372.50	35,831,694	8,706.25	77,359,312
60 Sumter	186.75	1,576,889	229.00	2,785,278	415.75	4,362,167
61 Suwannee	475.00	3,767,466	175.00	1,787,153	650.00	5,554,619
62 Taylor	248.75	2,052,735	44.75	493,427	293.50	2,546,162
63 Union	59.75	506,070	40.50	446,245	100.25	952,315
64 Volusia	4,584.50	35,191,756	2,214.75	23,374,126	6,799.25	58,565,882
65 Wakulla	155.75	1,237,753	106.75	1,081,714	262.50	2,319,467
66 Walton	538.50	5,127,318	378.50	4,548,866	917.00	9,676,184
67 Washington	161.75	1,399,133	46.25	524,954	208.00	1,924,087
69 FAMU Lab School	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
72 FSU Lab - Broward	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
73 FSU Lab - Leon	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
74 UF Lab School	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
75 Virtual School	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
76 FSU Lab - Bay	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
77 TCC	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
State	216,960.00	1,721,939,357	98,932.00	1,068,336,954	315,892.00	2,790,276,311

FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

2024-25 FEFP Conference Calculation  
Unweighted FTE by Program

District	101	102	103	111	112	113	130	254	255	300	Grand Total
	-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-	-6-	-7-	-8-	-9-	-10-	
1 Alachua	7,432.07	8,643.02	6,809.57	2,351.51	3,675.04	1,557.46	805.83	66.65	29.81	528.47	31,899.43
2 Baker	1,326.48	1,522.98	878.66	270.59	363.43	217.16	8.23	15.51	3.55	314.36	4,920.95
3 Bay	6,153.22	8,424.85	6,318.87	1,934.67	2,258.84	1,273.68	1,144.61	685.08	139.27	548.32	28,881.41
4 Bradford	829.20	852.74	491.76	265.18	364.52	252.54	10.14	13.98	1.31	93.54	3,174.91
5 Brevard	18,662.41	21,403.79	16,274.94	6,206.71	9,034.50	6,375.65	1,855.71	680.47	130.28	1,602.70	82,227.16
6 Broward	53,709.53	75,194.25	60,897.08	18,792.17	22,708.82	16,394.92	22,869.37	2,073.68	597.54	5,884.50	279,121.86
7 Calhoun	438.38	550.33	412.39	175.47	162.37	130.92	6.23	32.51	1.37	94.13	2,004.10
8 Charlotte	3,704.00	5,064.39	4,236.03	1,094.47	1,331.99	1,124.07	470.81	167.35	34.02	391.71	17,618.84
9 Citrus	4,188.89	4,927.01	3,602.55	1,021.53	1,540.20	718.89	116.70	116.82	5.43	534.93	16,772.95
10 Clay	8,456.87	10,350.98	8,734.11	3,460.59	5,017.03	2,702.58	1,185.64	362.15	58.72	1,112.50	41,441.17
11 Collier	9,733.66	13,664.21	10,544.54	2,662.32	4,690.90	3,260.70	5,873.79	588.99	85.60	991.85	52,096.56
12 Columbia	2,846.39	3,174.87	1,809.51	745.46	787.36	527.01	64.61	76.68	2.40	443.00	10,477.29
13 Dade	63,908.52	89,139.48	76,296.08	25,764.21	39,445.94	26,890.08	48,101.01	2,951.92	369.07	8,250.62	381,116.93
14 DeSoto	1,117.02	1,445.81	913.47	316.34	293.56	219.10	273.62	1.44	3.34	145.96	4,729.66
15 Dixie	514.26	635.04	378.88	226.14	175.22	97.63	20.48	10.00	3.00	69.65	2,130.30
16 Duval	35,858.81	40,163.08	27,456.58	9,374.37	14,036.76	9,176.42	7,363.40	1,138.11	222.39	2,014.26	146,804.18
17 Escambia	10,449.70	11,063.24	7,775.05	2,535.68	3,553.39	2,848.07	604.52	158.17	90.01	1,168.41	40,246.24
18 Flagler	3,256.57	4,437.80	3,294.76	790.75	1,169.69	979.08	376.72	139.01	28.66	400.29	14,873.33
19 Franklin	277.53	318.52	197.38	94.39	122.13	68.98	31.40	14.25	1.00	32.84	1,158.42
20 Gadsden	1,410.49	1,355.55	987.86	271.46	340.59	224.13	45.52	33.52	6.94	76.53	4,752.59
21 Gilchrist	717.57	898.91	505.92	290.55	292.77	163.22	78.31	65.81	6.23	117.55	3,136.84
22 Glades	490.95	654.01	257.03	150.82	186.56	59.09	57.16	4.36	1.02	9.47	1,870.47
23 Gulf	419.25	577.80	388.96	135.59	180.35	109.25	10.93	36.62	3.56	36.19	1,898.50
24 Hamilton	397.48	554.60	337.99	76.87	91.14	66.40	89.92	3.38	1.12	51.51	1,670.41
25 Hardee	1,073.40	1,471.37	980.07	212.91	295.90	241.12	213.44	15.12	2.62	163.68	4,669.63
26 Hendry	2,696.49	4,149.30	3,053.48	461.15	707.17	587.57	830.20	26.35	16.22	655.20	13,183.13
27 Hernando	6,156.20	7,217.31	5,538.63	1,860.30	2,079.43	1,412.26	507.95	205.50	60.22	639.43	25,677.23
28 Highlands	2,985.59	3,678.62	2,642.94	885.25	1,142.10	781.36	413.31	45.86	8.09	428.53	13,011.65
29 Hillsborough	50,342.08	66,544.60	52,462.83	13,487.87	20,814.86	9,719.10	18,242.90	2,238.26	358.29	5,633.04	239,843.83
30 Holmes	799.32	1,011.72	670.07	155.71	225.37	169.84	2.66	3.00	1.46	77.00	3,116.15
31 Indian River	4,132.62	5,190.51	3,870.36	1,093.36	1,574.79	1,047.63	620.66	178.14	29.63	387.93	18,125.63
32 Jackson	1,595.08	1,779.70	1,069.22	514.67	428.39	204.61	46.46	73.92	1.88	201.44	5,915.37
33 Jefferson	201.84	230.95	163.11	57.88	94.49	47.64	35.88	2.62	0.00	31.34	865.75
34 Lafayette	253.29	316.28	222.36	104.30	109.49	61.75	20.89	2.41	1.18	67.80	1,159.75
35 Lake	12,696.45	15,300.29	10,746.68	3,398.83	4,279.47	3,195.93	1,793.91	320.53	33.16	1,383.34	53,148.59
36 Lee	21,342.23	29,607.38	22,853.45	4,088.94	6,773.68	5,833.36	13,406.44	1,263.71	119.10	2,262.25	107,550.54
37 Leon	8,415.75	9,971.08	7,104.52	2,889.41	3,123.65	1,907.24	475.78	140.22	22.19	541.30	34,591.14
38 Levy	1,452.51	1,727.67	940.71	481.58	576.28	350.28	118.06	13.84	2.39	222.13	5,885.45
39 Liberty	290.15	371.54	236.13	107.84	110.21	66.06	3.11	15.70	11.52	65.99	1,278.25
40 Madison	551.86	683.46	451.76	181.79	181.10	134.84	13.66	5.75	0.00	96.38	2,300.60
41 Manatee	12,014.24	15,568.20	11,404.25	3,467.66	4,990.07	3,361.51	3,965.27	219.63	117.81	1,361.11	56,469.75
42 Marion	11,753.85	14,478.18	9,690.04	3,268.44	4,252.98	3,029.21	1,803.43	577.87	53.79	1,404.18	50,311.97
43 Martin	3,792.45	5,600.74	4,533.99	1,327.25	1,820.07	794.22	1,154.23	44.00	149.16	515.32	19,731.43
44 Monroe	1,647.95	2,200.60	1,635.51	605.51	900.84	579.74	1,054.78	60.39	7.40	193.85	8,886.57
45 Nassau	3,563.59	4,397.00	2,824.56	818.41	1,035.99	750.37	120.95	92.96	12.92	440.16	14,056.91
46 Okaloosa	8,123.83	9,826.48	6,867.89	2,288.19	2,915.48	1,670.95	1,099.33	202.80	88.93	636.36	33,720.24
47 Okeechobee	1,329.58	1,513.53	1,135.09	520.61	883.02	484.89	343.79	5.70	2.95	179.79	6,398.95
48 Orange	47,555.15	62,573.29	46,354.44	9,076.09	16,914.17	12,162.82	20,609.41	3,986.99	512.01	4,821.27	224,565.64
49 Osceola	15,279.33	22,924.28	17,906.62	3,462.38	5,537.38	4,380.90	9,084.04	624.63	118.34	1,741.91	81,059.81
50 Palm Beach	39,719.68	53,869.41	46,590.84	13,683.51	19,071.19	10,127.85	21,601.42	1,101.43	384.65	4,078.93	210,228.91
51 Pasco	21,457.51	26,867.67	19,426.62	4,842.68	8,375.51	5,227.89	3,098.72	1,186.99	173.61	1,868.52	92,525.72
52 Pinellas	20,717.23	25,767.09	22,820.79	7,319.11	10,674.92	4,288.49	3,888.97	1,017.13	173.77	2,775.58	99,443.08
53 Polk	28,261.16	34,554.82	25,625.52	7,452.65	11,171.09	8,109.14	8,382.27	467.50	557.79	3,088.60	127,670.54
54 Putnam	2,504.38	2,737.68	1,596.49	726.20	1,173.72	746.58	381.67	12.88	6.96	324.41	10,210.97
55 St. Johns	12,509.30	15,673.00	11,321.50	3,416.15	6,173.38	4,360.77	592.01	482.59	149.10	934.29	55,612.09
56 St. Lucie	11,597.62	15,533.27	11,749.95	2,800.51	3,747.49	2,442.89	3,489.06	97.06	19.60	1,186.84	52,664.29
57 Santa Rosa	7,512.45	9,610.26	7,060.27	1,697.07	2,544.29	1,772.99	220.46	521.53	53.50	663.74	31,656.56
58 Sarasota	10,023.52	12,544.29	9,858.42	3,148.20	5,314.80	3,399.66	2,585.09	748.82	77.78	959.66	48,660.24
59 Seminole	15,865.70	19,435.11	14,388.89	4,578.89	7,759.85	5,851.35	2,292.76	359.66	67.62	1,607.62	72,207.45
60 Sumter	2,526.18	3,226.02	2,092.09	660.59	860.64	564.21	311.69	79.63	8.84	297.25	10,627.14
61 Suwannee	1,570.67	1,985.73	1,311.00	398.80	529.02	358.78	149.26	3.52	1.43	165.61	6,473.82
62 Taylor	848.79	788.05	524.15	225.86	243.06	120.70	0.00	14.86	1.33	47.99	2,814.79
63 Union	622.11	746.11	321.45	169.99	246.72	126.77	0.00	1.65	3.06	96.95	2,334.81
64 Volusia	15,186.41	18,663.61	13,400.33	4,873.80	6,957.10	5,035.32	1,948.39	643.95	53.37	2,124.37	68,886.65
65 Wakulla	1,355.05	1,560.85	1,004.91	517.49	451.66	299.19	8.37	37.82	6.58	157.45	5,399.37
66 Walton	2,993.91	3,643.87	2,638.15	942.88	1,092.84	552.11	516.67	15.56	7.25	348.71	12,751.95
67 Washington	923.35	993.50	561.69	210.19	258.57	209.95	10.37	49.71	11.08	73.50	3,301.91
69 FAMU Lab School	155.60	210.09	156.21	7.81	11.73	12.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.99	557.40
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	217.56	347.10	684.78	30.39	37.54	5.00	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,324.59
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
72 FSU Lab - Broward	339.62	176.02	0.00	71.97	70.14	0.00	41.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	699.15
73 FSU Lab - Leon	404.50	644.36	509.99	38.10	91.29	83.28	9.86	0.00	0.00	67.44	1,848.82
74 UF Lab School	217.37	468.00	436.22	31.92	131.63	58.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	33.71	1,377.51
75 Virtual School	4,153.77	12,082.75	31,000.70	133.88	603.33	677.41	45.86	0.00	0.00	1,252.09	49,949.79
76 FSU Lab - Bay	0.00	0.00	190.00	0.00	0.00	10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.00	225.00
77 TCC	0.00	0.00	280.74	0.00	0.00	4.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.92	300.00

State 658,027.52 855,480.00 680,710.38 191,802.81 281,180.99 182,858.53 217,021.72 26,644.65 5,314.22 71,260.19 3,170,301.01

FLORIDA EDUCATION FINANCE PROGRAM

2024-25 FEFP Conference Calculation  
Unweighted FTE

District	Basic Education Grades K-3 101 & 111	Basic Education Grades 4-8 102 & 112	Basic Education Grades 9-12 103 & 113	ESOL/Intensive English Grades K-12 130	ESE Support Level IV 254	ESE Support Level V 255	Career Education Grades 9-12 300	Total Unweighted FTE
-1-	-2-	-3-	-4-	-5-	-6-	-7-	-8-	
1 Alachua	9,783.58	12,318.06	8,367.03	805.83	66.65	29.81	528.47	31,899.43
2 Baker	1,597.07	1,886.41	1,095.82	8.23	15.51	3.55	314.36	4,920.95
3 Bay	8,087.89	10,683.69	7,592.55	1,144.61	685.08	139.27	548.32	28,881.41
4 Bradford	1,094.38	1,217.26	744.30	10.14	13.98	1.31	93.54	3,174.91
5 Brevard	24,869.12	30,438.29	22,650.59	1,855.71	680.47	130.28	1,602.70	82,227.16
6 Broward	72,501.70	97,903.07	77,292.00	22,869.37	2,073.68	597.54	5,884.50	279,121.86
7 Calhoun	613.85	712.70	543.31	6.23	32.51	1.37	94.13	2,004.10
8 Charlotte	4,798.47	6,396.38	5,360.10	470.81	167.35	34.02	391.71	17,618.84
9 Citrus	5,210.42	6,467.21	4,321.44	116.70	116.82	5.43	534.93	16,772.95
10 Clay	11,917.46	15,368.01	11,436.69	1,185.64	362.15	58.72	1,112.50	41,441.17
11 Collier	12,395.98	18,355.11	13,805.24	5,873.79	588.99	85.60	991.85	52,096.56
12 Columbia	3,591.85	3,962.23	2,336.52	64.61	76.68	2.40	443.00	10,477.29
13 Dade	89,672.73	128,585.42	103,186.16	48,101.01	2,951.92	369.07	8,250.62	381,116.93
14 DeSoto	1,433.36	1,739.37	1,132.57	273.62	1.44	3.34	145.96	4,729.66
15 Dixie	740.40	810.26	476.51	20.48	10.00	3.00	69.65	2,130.30
16 Duval	45,233.18	54,199.84	36,633.00	7,363.40	1,138.11	222.39	2,014.26	146,804.18
17 Escambia	12,985.38	14,616.63	10,623.12	604.52	158.17	90.01	1,168.41	40,246.24
18 Flagler	4,047.32	5,607.49	4,273.84	376.72	139.01	28.66	400.29	14,873.33
19 Franklin	371.92	440.65	266.36	31.40	14.25	1.00	32.84	1,158.42
20 Gadsden	1,681.95	1,696.14	1,211.99	45.52	33.52	6.94	76.53	4,752.59
21 Gilchrist	1,008.12	1,191.68	669.14	78.31	65.81	6.23	117.55	3,136.84
22 Glades	641.77	840.57	316.12	57.16	4.36	1.02	9.47	1,870.47
23 Gulf	554.84	758.15	498.21	10.93	36.62	3.56	36.19	1,898.50
24 Hamilton	474.35	645.74	404.39	89.92	3.38	1.12	51.51	1,670.41
25 Hardee	1,286.31	1,767.27	1,221.19	213.44	15.12	2.62	163.68	4,669.63
26 Hendry	3,157.64	4,856.47	3,641.05	830.20	26.35	16.22	655.20	13,183.13
27 Hernando	8,016.50	9,296.74	6,950.89	507.95	205.50	60.22	639.43	25,677.23
28 Highlands	3,870.84	4,820.72	3,424.30	413.31	45.86	8.09	428.53	13,011.65
29 Hillsborough	63,829.95	87,359.46	62,181.93	18,242.90	2,238.26	358.29	5,633.04	239,843.83
30 Holmes	955.03	1,237.09	839.91	2.66	3.00	1.46	77.00	3,116.15
31 Indian River	5,225.98	6,765.30	4,917.99	620.66	178.14	29.63	387.93	18,125.63
32 Jackson	2,109.75	2,208.09	1,273.83	46.46	73.92	1.88	201.44	5,915.37
33 Jefferson	259.72	325.44	210.75	35.88	2.62	0.00	31.34	865.75
34 Lafayette	357.59	425.77	284.11	20.89	2.41	1.18	67.80	1,159.75
35 Lake	16,095.28	19,579.76	13,942.61	1,793.91	320.53	33.16	1,383.34	53,148.59
36 Lee	25,431.17	36,381.06	28,686.81	13,406.44	1,263.71	119.10	2,262.25	107,550.54
37 Leon	11,305.16	13,094.73	9,011.76	475.78	140.22	22.19	541.30	34,591.14
38 Levy	1,934.09	2,303.95	1,290.99	118.06	13.84	2.39	222.13	5,885.45
39 Liberty	397.99	481.75	302.19	3.11	15.70	11.52	65.99	1,278.25
40 Madison	733.65	864.56	586.60	13.66	5.75	0.00	96.38	2,300.60
41 Manatee	15,481.90	20,558.27	14,765.76	3,965.27	219.63	117.81	1,361.11	56,469.75
42 Marion	15,022.29	18,731.16	12,719.25	1,803.43	577.87	53.79	1,404.18	50,311.97
43 Martin	5,119.70	7,420.81	5,328.21	1,154.23	44.00	149.16	515.32	19,731.43
44 Monroe	2,253.46	3,101.44	2,215.25	1,054.78	60.39	7.40	193.85	8,886.57
45 Nassau	4,382.00	5,432.99	3,574.93	120.95	92.96	12.92	440.16	14,056.91
46 Okaloosa	10,412.02	12,741.96	8,538.84	1,099.33	202.80	88.93	636.36	33,720.24
47 Okeechobee	1,850.19	2,396.55	1,619.98	343.79	5.70	2.95	179.79	6,398.95
48 Orange	56,631.24	79,487.46	58,517.26	20,609.41	3,986.99	512.01	4,821.27	224,565.64
49 Osceola	18,741.71	28,461.66	22,287.52	9,084.04	624.63	118.34	1,741.91	81,059.81
50 Palm Beach	53,403.19	72,940.60	56,718.69	21,601.42	1,101.43	384.65	4,078.93	210,228.91
51 Pasco	26,300.19	35,243.18	24,654.51	3,098.72	1,186.99	173.61	1,868.52	92,525.72
52 Pinellas	28,036.34	36,442.01	27,109.28	3,888.97	1,017.13	173.77	2,775.58	99,443.08
53 Polk	35,713.81	45,725.91	33,734.66	8,382.27	467.50	557.79	3,088.60	127,670.54
54 Putnam	3,230.58	3,911.40	2,343.07	381.67	12.88	6.96	324.41	10,210.97
55 St. Johns	15,925.45	21,846.38	15,682.27	592.01	482.59	149.10	934.29	55,612.09
56 St. Lucie	14,398.13	19,280.76	14,192.84	3,489.06	97.06	19.60	1,186.84	52,664.29
57 Santa Rosa	9,209.52	12,154.55	8,833.26	220.46	521.53	53.50	663.74	31,656.56
58 Sarasota	13,171.72	17,859.09	13,258.08	2,585.09	748.82	77.78	959.66	48,660.24
59 Seminole	20,444.59	27,194.96	20,240.24	2,292.76	359.66	67.62	1,607.62	72,207.45
60 Sumter	3,186.77	4,086.66	2,656.30	311.69	79.63	8.84	297.25	10,627.14
61 Suwannee	1,969.47	2,514.75	1,669.78	149.26	3.52	1.43	165.61	6,473.82
62 Taylor	1,074.65	1,031.11	644.85	0.00	14.86	1.33	47.99	2,814.79
63 Union	792.10	992.83	448.22	0.00	1.65	3.06	96.95	2,334.81
64 Volusia	20,060.21	25,620.71	18,435.65	1,948.39	643.95	53.37	2,124.37	68,886.65
65 Wakulla	1,872.54	2,012.51	1,304.10	8.37	37.82	6.58	157.45	5,399.37
66 Walton	3,936.79	4,736.71	3,190.26	516.67	15.56	7.25	348.71	12,751.95
67 Washington	1,133.54	1,252.07	771.64	10.37	49.71	11.08	73.50	3,301.91
69 FAMU Lab School	163.41	221.82	169.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.99	557.40
70 FAU Lab - Palm Beach	247.95	384.64	689.78	2.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,324.59
71 FAU Lab - St. Lucie	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
72 FSU Lab - Broward	411.59	246.16	0.00	41.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	699.15
73 FSU Lab - Leon	442.60	735.65	593.27	9.86	0.00	0.00	67.44	1,848.82
74 UF Lab School	249.29	599.63	494.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	33.71	1,377.51
75 Virtual School	4,287.65	12,686.08	31,678.11	45.86	0.00	0.00	1,252.09	49,949.79
76 FSU Lab - Bay	0.00	0.00	200.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	25.00	225.00
77 TCC	0.00	0.00	285.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.92	300.00

State 849,830.33 1,136,660.99 863,568.91 217,021.72 26,644.65 5,314.22 71,260.19 3,170,301.01

## APPENDIX B: SALES TAX HOLIDAY INFORMATION

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### BACK TO SCHOOL SALES TAX HOLIDAY

The sales tax holiday will run from July 29 to August 11. During the holiday, the following items that cost \$100 or less are exempt from the state sales tax and county discretionary sales surtaxes:

- Clothing (defined as an “article of wearing apparel intended to be worn on or about the human body,” but excluding watches, watchbands, jewelry, umbrellas, and handkerchiefs);
- Footwear (excluding skis, swim fins, roller blades, and skates);
- Wallets; and
- Bags (including handbags, backpacks, fanny packs, and diaper bags, but excluding briefcases, suitcases, and other garment bags).

Also exempted are various “school supplies” that cost \$50 or less per item during the holiday, and learning aids and jigsaw puzzles that cost \$30 or less per item. “Learning aids” are defined as “flashcards or other learning cards, matching or other memory games, puzzle books and search-and find books, interactive or electronic books and toys intended to teach reading or math skills, and stacking or nesting blocks or sets.”

Additionally, personal computers and related accessories with a sales price of \$1,500 or less which are purchased for noncommercial home or personal use are also exempt from sales tax. This includes tablets, laptops, monitors, calculators, input devices, and non-recreational software. Cell phones, furniture and devices or software intended primarily for recreational use are not exempted.

### DISASTER PREPAREDNESS SALES TAX HOLIDAY

- A portable self-powered light source selling for \$40 or less;
- A portable self-powered radio, two-way radio, or weather-band radio selling for \$50 or less;
- A tarpaulin or other flexible waterproof sheeting selling for \$100 or less;
- An item normally sold as, or generally advertised as, a ground anchor system or tie-down kit selling for \$100 or less;
- A gas or diesel fuel tank selling for \$50 or less;
- A package of AA-cell, AAA-cell, C-cell, D-cell, 6-volt, or 9-volt batteries, excluding automobile and boat batteries, selling for \$50 or less;
- A nonelectric food storage cooler selling for \$60 or less;

- A portable generator used to provide light or communications or preserve food in the event of a power outage selling for \$3,000 or less;
- Reusable ice selling for \$20 or less;
- A portable power bank selling for \$60 or less;
- A smoke detector or smoke alarm selling for \$70 or less;
- A fire extinguisher selling for \$70 or less;
- A carbon monoxide detector selling for \$70 or less; and
- Supplies necessary for the evacuation of household pets. For purposes of this exemption, necessary supplies are the non-commercial purchase of:
  - Bags of dry dog or cat food weighing 50 or fewer pounds with a sales price of \$100 or less per bag;
  - Cans or pouches of wet dog or cat food selling for \$10 or less per can or pouch or the equivalent if sold in a box or case;
  - Over-the-counter pet medications selling for \$100 or less;
  - Portable kennels or pet carriers selling for \$100 or less;
  - Manual can openers selling for \$15 or less;
  - Leashes, collars, and muzzles selling for \$20 or less;
  - Collapsible or travel-size food or water bowls selling for \$15 or less;
  - Cat litter weighing 25 or fewer pounds and selling for \$25 or less;
  - Cat litter pans selling for \$15 or less;
  - Pet waste disposal bags selling for \$15 or less;
  - Pet pads selling for \$20 or less per box;
  - Hamster or rabbit substrate selling for \$15 or less; and
  - Pet beds selling for \$40 or less.

### FREEDOM MONTH SALES TAX HOLIDAY

The one-month sales tax holiday will run from July 1, 2024, through July 31, 2024, for specified admissions and items related to recreational activities. During the sales tax holiday, the following admissions, if purchased during this month, are exempt from the state sales tax and county discretionary sales surtaxes:

- A live music event scheduled to be held between July 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024;
- A live sporting event scheduled to be held between July 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024;
- A movie shown in a movie theater between July 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024;

- Entry to a museum, including annual passes;
- Entry to state parks, including annual passes;
- Entry to a ballet, play, or musical theatre performance scheduled to be held between July 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024;
- Season tickets to ballet, play, music events, or musical theatre performances;
- Entry to a fair, festival, or cultural event scheduled to be held between July 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024; and
- Use of or access to gyms and physical fitness facilities between July 1, 2024, and December 31, 2024.

During the sales tax holiday, the following items are exempt from the state sales tax and county discretionary sales surtax:

- Boating and Water Activity Supplies:
  - Life jackets, coolers, paddles, and oars selling for \$75 or less;
  - Recreational pool tubes, pool floats, inflatable chairs, and pool toys selling for \$35 or less;
  - Safety flares selling for \$50 or less;
  - Water skis, wakeboards, kneeboards, and recreational inflatable tubes or floats capable of being towed selling for \$150 or less;
  - Paddleboards and surfboards selling for \$300 or less;
  - Canoes and kayaks selling for \$500 or less; and
  - Snorkels, goggles, and swimming masks selling for \$25 or less.
- Camping Supplies:
  - Tents selling for \$200 or less;
  - Sleeping bags, portable hammocks, camping stoves, and collapsible camping chairs selling for \$50 or less; and
  - Camping lanterns or flashlights selling for \$30 or less.
- Fishing Supplies:
  - Rods and reels selling for \$75 or less, if sold individually, or selling for \$150 or less if sold as a set;
  - Tackle boxes or bags selling for \$30 or less; and
  - Bait or fishing tackle selling for \$5 or less, if sold per item, or selling for \$10 or less if multiple items are sold together.
- General Outdoor Supplies:
  - Sunscreen or insect repellent selling for less than \$15 or less;
  - Sunglasses selling for \$100 or less;
  - Binoculars selling for \$200 or less;
  - Water bottles selling for \$30 or less;

- Hydration packs selling for \$50 or less;
- Outdoor gas or charcoal grills selling for \$250 or less;
- Bicycle helmets selling for \$50 or less; and
- Bicycles selling for \$500 or less.
- Residential Pool Supplies:
  - Individual residential pool and spa replacement parts, nets, filters, lights, and covers selling for \$100 or less; and
  - Residential pool and spa chemicals purchased by an individual selling for \$150 or less.

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### SKILLED WORKER “TOOL TIME” SALES TAX HOLIDAY

The seven-day sales tax holiday will run from September 1, 2024, through September 7, 2024, for specified tools commonly used by skilled trade workers. During the sales tax holiday, the following items are exempt from the state sales tax and county discretionary sales surtaxes:

- Hand tools selling for \$50 or less;
- Power tools selling for \$300 or less;
- Power tool batteries selling for \$150 or less;
- Work gloves selling for \$25 or less;
- Safety glasses selling for \$50 or less;
- Protective coveralls selling for \$50 or less;
- Work boots selling for \$175 or less;
- Tool belts selling for \$100 or less;
- Duffel/tote bags selling for \$50 or less;
- Tool boxes selling for \$75 or less;
- Tool boxes for vehicles selling for \$300 or less;
- Industry text books and code books selling for \$125 or less;
- Electrical voltage and testing equipment selling for \$100 or less;
- LED flashlights selling for \$50 or less;
- Shop lights selling for \$100 or less;
- Handheld pipe cutters, drain opening tools, and plumbing inspection equipment selling for \$150 or less;
- Shovels selling for \$50 or less;
- Rakes selling for \$50 or less;
- Hard hats and other head protection selling for \$100 or less;
- Hearing protection items selling for \$75 or less;
- Ladders selling for \$250 or less;
- Fuel cans selling for \$50 or less; and
- High visibility safety vest selling for \$30 or less





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## FLORIDA EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

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